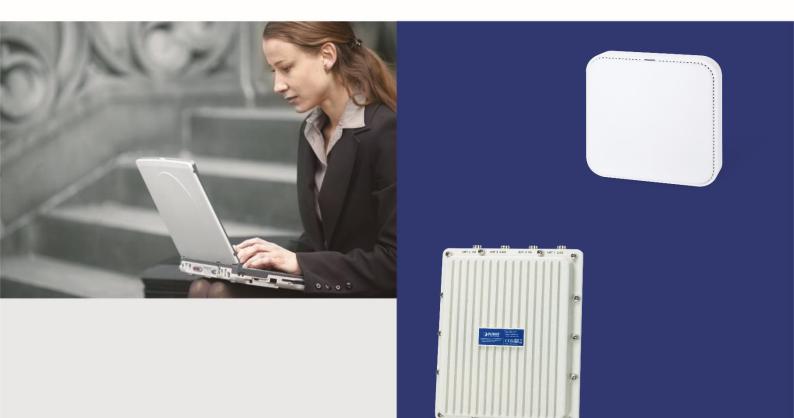


User's Manual

Dual Band 802.11ax 3000Mbps

Wireless Access Point w/802.3at PoE

- WDAP-C3000AX
- WDAP-3000AX





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Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

FCC This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- 2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- 3. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- 4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio technician for help.



FCC Caution:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. To assure continued compliance, for example, use only shielded interface cables when connecting to computer or peripheral devices.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHzHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure set forth for an uncontrolled environment. In order to avoid the possibility of exceeding the FCC radio frequency exposure limits, human proximity to the antenna shall not be less than 20 cm (8 inches) during normal operation.

CE Compliance Statement

This device meets the RED 2014/53/EU requirements on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields by way of health protection. The device complies with RF specifications when it is used at a safe distance of 20 cm from your body.

Safety

This equipment is designed with the utmost care for the safety of those who install and use it. However, special attention must be paid to the dangers of electric shock and static electricity when working with electrical equipment. All guidelines of this and of the computer manufacture must therefore be allowed at all times to ensure the safe use of the equipment.

WEEE regulation



To avoid the potential effects on the environment and human health as a result of the presence of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, end users of electrical and electronic equipment should understand the meaning of the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol. Do not dispose of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste and have to collect such WEEE separately.

Revision

User Manual of PLANET 802.11ax Dual Band Wireless Access Point

Model: WDAP-C3000AX_WDAP-3000AX

Rev: 1.0 (Oct., 2023)

Part No. EM-WDAP-C3000AX_WDAP-3000AX



Table of Contents

Chapter	1. Produc	t Introduction	7
1.1	Package C	Contents	7
1.2	Product De	escription	3
1.3	Product Fe	atures14	1
Chapter	2. Physic	al Descriptions19)
2.1	Product Or	utlook19)
Chapter	3. Prepar	ation23	3
3.1	System Re	equirements23	3
3.2	Hardware	Installation Installing the AP24	1
3.3	Manual Ne	twork Setup TCP/IP Configuration27	7
	3.3.1	Configuring the IP Address Manually (e.g. WDAP-C3000AX)28	3
3.4	Starting Se	etup in the Web UI31	1
3.5	Planet Sm	art Discovery Utility32	2
Chapter	4. Web-b	ased Management33	3
4.1	System		5
	4.1.1	Operation Mode	3
	4.1.2	Gateway Mode (Router)	3
	4.1.3	Dashboard46	3
	4.1.4	System Status47	7
	4.1.5	System Service	3
	4.1.6	Statistics49)
	4.1.7	Connection Status49)
	4.1.8	RADIUS)
	4.1.9	Captive Portal)
	4.1.10	SNMP	2
	4.1.11	NMS	3
	4.1.12	Remote Syslog53	3
	4.1.13	Event Log54	1
4.2	Network		5
	4.2.1	WAN	3
	4.2.2	LAN)



	4.2.3	UpnP	59
	4.2.4	Routing	60
	4.2.5	RIP	61
	4.2.6	OSPF	61
	4.2.7	IGMP	62
	4.2.8	IPv6	62
	4.2.9	DHCP	63
	4.2.10	DDNS	65
4.3	Security		67
	4.3.1	Firewall	68
	4.3.2	MAC Filtering	70
	4.3.3	IP Filtering	71
	4.3.4	Web Filtering	72
	4.3.5	Port Forwarding	73
	4.3.6	QoS	74
	4.3.7	DMZ	75
4.4	Wireless		76
	4.4.1	Repeater	77
	4.4.2	2.4G Wi-Fi	78
	4.4.3	5G Wi-Fi	79
	4.4.4	Mesh Wi-Fi	80
	4.4.5	MAC ACL	81
	4.4.6	Wi-Fi Advanced	82
	4.4.7	Wi-Fi Statistics	83
	4.4.8	Connection Status	84
4.5	Maintenan	ıce	85
	4.5.1	Administrator	86
	4.5.2	Date and Time	86
	4.5.3	Saving/Restoring Configuration	87
	4.5.4	Firmware Upgrading	87
	4.5.5	Reboot / Reset	88
	4.5.6	Auto Reboot	88
	4.5.7	Diagnostics	89



Chapter &	5. Quick Connection to a Wireless Network9	1
5.1	Windows XP (Wireless Zero Configuration)9	1
5.2	Windows 7/8/10/11 (WLAN AutoConfig)9	3
5.3	Mac OS X 10.x	6
5.4	iPhone/iPod Touch/iPad10	0
Appendix	A: DDNS Application10	4
Appendix	B: FAQs	5
Appendix	C: Troubleshooting11	9
Appendix	D: Glossary12	1



Chapter 1. Product Introduction

1.1 Package Contents

Thank you for choosing PLANET 802.11ax 3000Mbps Wireless AP. Please verify the contents inside the package box.

	Package	e Contents	of WDA	\P-C3000AX
	WDAP-C3000AX			QR code sheet
	Ethernet Ca	able		Mounting Kit
	()			
	Packag	e Contents	of WD	AP-3000AX
[WDAP-3000AX	QR Code She	eet x 1	RJ45 Waterproof Kit x 1
	L-type Bracket x 1	U-bolt Kit	x 2	Screw Set x 1
		Calle		ALC: N



If any of the above items are missing, please contact your dealer immediately.



1.2 Product Description

(Please refer to PLANET website for WDAP-3000AX information.)

Ultra-high-speed Wi-Fi 6 Wireless LAN Solution

PLANET WDAP-C3000AX **3000Mbps Dual Band 802.11ax Wireless AP**, supporting **Wi-Fi Mesh**, **MU-MIMO**, **OFDMA**, **Seamless Roaming**, **Beamforming and BSS Coloring technology**, provides a maximum wireless speed of 2400Mbps in the 5GHz band and 600Mbps in the 2.4GHz band. The maximum number of client users is up to 256, ensuring more secure and robust connectivity with the adoption of Wi-Fi 6 technology.



Benefits of MU-MIMO, OFDMA, Seamless Roaming, Beamforming and BSS Coloring

The WDAP-C3000AX can be installed in public areas such as hotspots, airports and conferences as OFDMA, a multi-user version of OFDM, enables the concurrent AP to communicate (uplink and downlink) with multiple clients by assigning subsets of subcarriers called resource units (RUs) to the 0 clients. With MU-MIMO and Seamless Roaming technologies, it provides a better Wi-Fi user experience, reducing the likelihood of users turning off Wi-Fi and putting more load on the cellular network. Beamforming is to improve your Wi-Fi signal when you are far away from your router. The BSS color is a numerical identifier of the BSS. 802.11ax radios are able to differentiate between BSSs using BSS color identifier when other radios transmit on the same channel.

These technologies also can solve Wi-Fi congestion issues in open work spaces and conference rooms. The WDAP-C3000AX can offer more powerful throughput coverage of up to 256 client users.



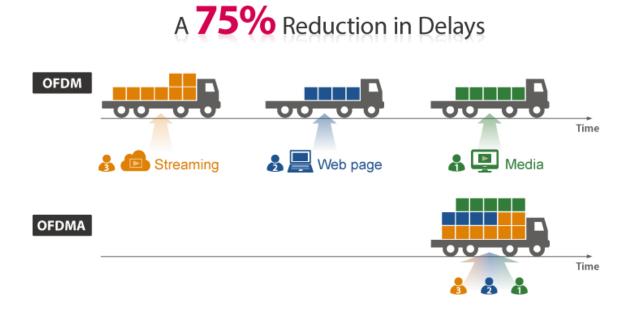
SU-MIMO Serving one user at a time





OFDMA (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access) Benefits

- Helps transmit small and large packets together to reduce bandwidth burden and improve data transmission performance
- Transmitting data at the same time can effectively reduce the transmission delay for longer frame and low-speed transmission.
- Improves the overall traffic quality, and effectively uses bandwidth in an environment where multiple people use the Internet.
- Increases the number of devices that can be connected to the AP.
- Reduces the power consumption of the device by way of the use of low bandwidth.





Beamforming

Beamforming is to improve your Wi-Fi signal when you are far away from your router. When you use beamforming, Wi-Fi beamforming narrows the focus of that router signal, sending it directly to your devices in a straight line, thus minimizing surrounding signal interference and increasing the strength of the signal that ultimately bring you the following benefits:

- Extend your Wi-Fi coverage
- Deliver a more stable Wi-Fi connection
- Deliver better Wi-Fi throughput
- Reduce router interference



BSS Coloring

The BSS color is a numerical identifier of the BSS. 802.11ax radios are able to differentiate between BSSs using BSS color identifier when other radios transmit on the same channel. If the color is the same, this is considered to be an intra-BSS frame transmission. In other words, the transmitting radio belongs to the same BSS as the receiver. If the detected frame has a different BSS color from its own, then the STA considers that frame as an inter-BSS frame from an overlapping BSS.





WPA3 Next Generation Security for Your WLAN Solution

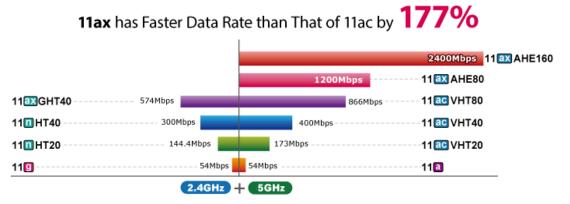
WPA3 is the next generation Wi-Fi security technology that provides the most advanced security protocol to the market. WPA3 makes your connection more secure by preventing hackers from easily cracking your password no matter how simplified the password is. WPA3 can also provide more reliable password-based authentication, so it can better protect the security of individual users.

* WDAP-C3000AX only supports WPA3-Personal.



Super Power Dual-band WLAN Solution

PLANET WDAP-C3000AX, adopting the IEEE 802.11ax Wi-Fi 6 standard, provides a high-speed transmission. The maximum wireless speed in 2.4GHz band is up to 11AX of 574Mbps, and in the 5GHz band is up to 11AX of 2402Mbps. Both the **2.4GHz and 5GHz** wireless connections can also be used simultaneously.



Data Transmission Rates 3000Mbps

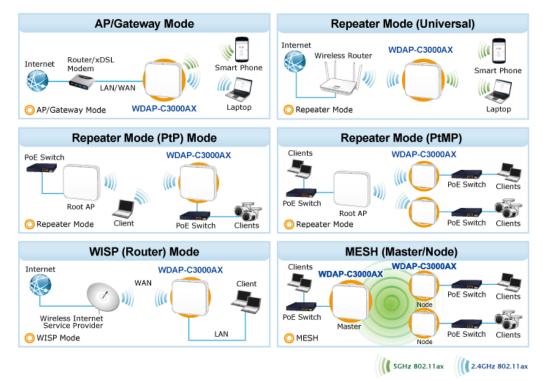
Advanced Security and Rigorous Authentication

The WDAP-C3000AX supports WPA/WPA2/WPA3 wireless encryptions, and also supports the WPA2 Enterprise, WPA/WPA2 Enterprise, which can effectively prevent eavesdropping by unauthorized users or bandwidth occupied by unauthenticated wireless access. Furthermore, any users are granted or denied access to the wireless LAN network based on the ACL (Access Control List) that the administrator pre-established.



Multiple Operation Modes for Various Applications

The WDAP-C3000AX supports the simplified usage modes of AP, Gateway and Repeater, through which they provide more flexibility for users when wireless network is established. Compared with general wireless access points, the WDAP-C3000AX offers more powerful and flexible capability for wireless clients.



Optimized Efficiency in AP Management with Cloud and NMS System

Via the PLANET CloudViewerPro app, you can monitor and control Access Points in real time without a specified location and time limitation. The brand-new GUI configuration wizard helps the system administrator easily set up the WDAP-C3000AX step by step. Besides, the built-in Wi-Fi analyzer provides real-time channel utilization to prevent channel overlapping to assure greater performance. With the automatic transmission power mechanism, distance control and scheduling reboot setting, the WDAP-C3000AX is easy for the administrator to deploy and manage without on-site maintenance. Moreover, you can use PLANET NMS-500 or NMS-1000V AP control function to deliver wireless profiles to multiple APs simultaneously, thus making the central management simple.

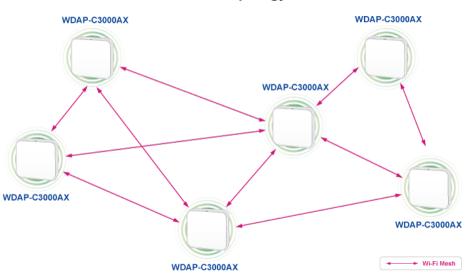


Home Dashboard for Wi-Fi Status



Mesh Wi-Fi for More Hassle-free Network

The WDAP-C3000AX supports Mesh, which is an open standard wireless networking technology that enhances Wi-Fi coverage and stability. It allows different brands of routers and Wi-Fi devices to work together seamlessly, providing a unified network experience. Mesh supports multiple frequency bands, fast roaming, and intelligent management for optimal performance. With its easy setup and automated configuration, users can enjoy extended coverage and a reliable Wi-Fi connection throughout their homes or offices. Mesh is a convenient solution for those seeking improved Wi-Fi coverage and a hassle-free network setup.



Mesh Topology



1.3 Product Features

(Please refer to PLANET website for WDAP-3000AX information.)

- Industrial Compliant Wireless LAN
- Compliant with the IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax wireless technology
- Equipped with 10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 ports, and auto MDI/MDI-X

RF Interface Characteristics

- 802.11ax 2T2R architecture with data rate of up to 3000Mbps (600Mbps in 2.4GHz and 2400Mbps in 5GHz)
- High output power with multiply-adjustable transmit power control

Multiple Operation Modes and Wireless Features

- Multiple operation modes: AP, gateway and repeater
- Supports OFDMA (orthogonal frequency division multiple access)
- Supports MU-MIMO (multi-user multiple-input multiple-output), Beamforming and BSS Coloring
- WMM (Wi-Fi multimedia) provides higher priority to multimedia transmitting over wireless
- Coverage threshold to limit the weak signal of clients occupying session
- Real-time Wi-Fi channel analysis chart and client limit control for better performance
- Supports Terminal Seamless Roaming with 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11r
- Supports Mesh connection

Secure Network Connection

- Full encryption supported: WPA3 Personal, WPA2/WPA3 Personal, WPA2 Personal (AES), WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal (AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES), WPA2 Enterprise, WPA/WPA2 Enterprise
- Supports 802.1Q port VLAN supports IP/Port/MAC address/URL filtering, DoS, SPI firewall
- Supports DMZ and port forwarding
- Bandwidth control per IP address to increase network stability

Easy Deployment and Management

- Support management by using PLANET CloudViewer and CloudViewerPro app
- Supports PLANET AP Controllers in AP mode
- Easy discovery by PLANET Smart Discovery
- Self-healing mechanism through system auto reboot setting
- System status monitoring through remote syslog server
- Gateway mode supports PLANET DDNS/Easy DDNS, Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client



Product Specifications

	WDAP-C3000AX	WDAP-3000AX		
Product	Dual Band 802.11ax 3000Mbps	Dual Band 802.11ax 3000Mbps Outdoor Wireless AP		
Floudet	Ceiling-mount Wireless Access Point	Dual Dand 002. Trax 3000 mbps Outdoor Wireless Ar		
Hardware Specif	-			
	LAN			
Interfaces	2 x 10/100/1000BASE-T RJ45 port	PoE WAN/LAN: 1 x 10/100/1000BASE-T,		
Interfaces	Auto-negotiation and auto MDI/MDI-X	auto-MDI/MDIX, 802.3at PoE In		
	Gain: 4 x Internal 4dBi antenna (2.4G			
Antennas	x2, 5G x2)	Four built-in N-type connectors		
	Reset button on the rear side (Press			
Reset Button	over 5 seconds to reset the device to	Reset button (Press over 5 seconds to reset the		
	factory default)	device to factory default)		
LED Indicators	Power, SYS	Power		
Dimensions (W	168 x 168 x 32 mm	231 x 80 x 295 mm		
x D x H)	100 X 100 X 32 1111	231 x 60 x 295 mm		
Weight	380 ± 5g	2527 g		
Material	Plastic	Aluminum		
	48V DC IN, 0.5A, IEEE 802.3at PoE+			
Power	(WAN/PoE were changed port)	48V 0.5A, IEEE 802.3at PoE+		
Requirements	12V DC IN, 1.5A from DC Jack (5.5 x	40V 0.3A, IEEE 002.3at FOE+		
	2.1mm)			
Power	< 15W	< 15W		
Consumption	< 1500			
Mounting	Ceiling Mount	Mast mounting		
IP Level	-	IP67		
ESD Protection		±8kV air gap discharge		
		±4kV contact discharge		
Surge	_	±20kV		
Protection				
Wireless Interfac	ce Specifications			
	IEEE 802.11ax			
	IEEE 802.11ac			
	IEEE 802.11n			
Standard	IEEE 802.11a			
	IEEE 802.11b			
	IEEE 802.11g			
	IEEE 802.11i			



	IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T			
	IEEE 802.3u 100BASE			
	IEEE 802.3ab 1000BA			
	IEEE 802.3x flow contr			
	IEEE 802.11k, 802.11v			
Media Access				
Control	CSMA/CA			
	802.11ax: MIMO-OFDMA (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM, 1024QAM)			
Data		,	QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM)	
Modulation	802.11a/g/n: OFDM (B		,	
	802.11b: DSSS (DBPS			
Band Mode	2.4GHz / 5GHz concu	rrent mode		
	2.4GHz:			
	FCC: 2.412~2.462GHz			
Frequency	ETSI: 2.412~2.472GHz	2		
Range	5GHz:			
	FCC: 5.180~5.240GHz	z, 5.745~5.825GHz		
	ETSI: 5.180~5.700GHz			
	ETSI:			
	2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 (13 Channels)			
	5GHz: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120,124,128,132, 136, 140 (19 Channels)			
Operating	FCC: 2.4GHz: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (11 Channels)			
Channels				
	5GHz: 36, 40, 44, 48, 52	, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 10	08, 112, 116,120,124,128,132, 136, 140, 149, 153, 157,	
	161,165 (24Channels)			
	5GHz channel list may vary	in different countries accord	ing to their regulations.	
Max. Transmit	FCC: up to 22 ± 1dBm			
Power (dBm)	ETSI: < 19dBm (EIRP)		
	Network Mode	Data Rate	Receive Sensitivity (dBm)	
	2.4GHz			
	902 11b	1Mbps	-96	
	802.11b	11Mbps	-87	
Receive	802.11g	6Mbps	-93	
Sensitivity		54Mbps	-75	
	000 // 11705	MCS0	-92	
	802.11n HT20	MCS7	-73	
		MCS0	-89	
	802.11n HT40	MCS7	-70	
			<u>.</u>	



- Networkin		User 1	Munual of WDAT-CS000AX & WDAT-S000AX		
		MCS0	-92		
	802.11ax HT20	MCS11	-64		
		MCS0	-89		
	802.11ax HT40	MCS11	-61		
	5GHz				
	802.11a	6Mbps	-90		
		54Mbps	-75		
		MCS0	-88		
	802.11n HT20	MCS7	-73		
	002 44 m LIT 40	MCS0	-88		
	802.11n HT40	MCS7	-63		
	002 44 co UT20	MCS0	-88		
	802.11ac HT20	MCS8	-67		
	802.11ac HT40	MCS0	-88		
	002.11aC H140	MCS9	-64		
	802.11ac HT80	MCS0	-88		
	002.11ac 1160	MCS9	-60		
	902 11 av UT20	MCS0	-88		
	802.11ax HT20	MCS11	-61		
	802.11ax HT40	MCS0	-88		
		MCS11	-58		
	802.11ax HT80	MCS0	-84		
		MCS11	-55		
	802.11ax HT160	MCS0	-82		
		MCS11	-51		
Software Feature	es				
LAN	Static IP / Dynamic IP				
	Static IP				
WAN	Dynamic IP				
	PPPoE/PPTP/L2TP				
	Access Point				
	Gateway				
Wireless Mode	Repeater				
	WISP				
Channel Width	MESH	17 160MU-			
	20MHz, 40MHz, 80MH		A2 Dereonal (AES) M/DA2 Derecast (TK/D) M/DA2		
Encryption Security			A2 Personal (AES), WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA2 (AES), WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP), WPA/WPA2		
Security	reisonal (TRIPTAES),	WEAVWEAZ PEISUNA	(ALO), WEAVERZ FEISUIAI (INP), WEAVERZ		



	Personal (TKIP+AES), WPA2 Enterpris	e, WPA/WPA2 Enterprise	
Wireless	Enable/Disable SSID Broadcast		
Wireless	Wireless Max. 32 MAC address filtering		
Security	User Isolation		
Max. SSIDs	8 (4 per radio)		
Max. Clients	256 (200 is suggested, depending on u	usage)	
Wireless QoS	Supports Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM)		
	Auto Channel Selection		
	5-level Transmit Power Control Max (10	00%), Efficient (75%), Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%)	
	or Min (15%)		
Wireless	Client Limit Control, Coverage Thresho	bld	
Advanced	Wi-Fi channel analysis chart		
	Seamless Roaming		
	Beamforming		
	BSS Coloring		
	Device status, wireless client List		
Status	PLANET Smart Discovery		
Monitoring	DHCP client table		
	System Log supports remote syslog server		
VLAN	IEEE 802.1Q VLAN (VID: 1~4094)		
VLAN	SSID-to-VLAN mapping to up to 4 SSIDs		
Self-healing	Supports auto reboot settings per day/hour		
	Remote management through PLANET DDNS/ Easy DDNS		
	Configuration backup and restore		
Management	Supports UPnP		
Wanagement	Supports IGMP Proxy		
	Supports PPTP/L2TP/IPSec VPN Pass-through		
	Supports Captive Portal, RADIUS Server/Client		
Central	Applicable controllers: NMS APC, WS APC, VR/IVR APC, ICG APC, PLANET CloudViewer,		
Management	PLANET CloudViewerPro		
Environment & C	Certification		
Temperature	Operating: -20~ 55 degrees C	Operating: -40~ 70 degrees C	
remperature	Storage: -40 ~ 70 degrees C	Storage: -40 ~ 70 degrees C	
Humidity	Operating: 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing)	
Humidity	Storage: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)		
Regulatory	CE, RoHS		
Remarks [*]: The	feature will be supported through firmwa	are/system upgrade.	



Chapter 2. Physical Descriptions

2.1 Product Outlook

WDAP-C3000AX

Dimensions

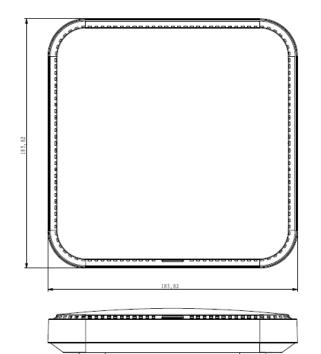
168 x 168 x 32 mm

Weight

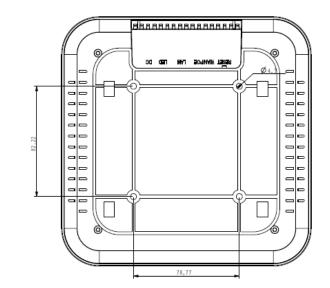
380 ±5g

Triple View











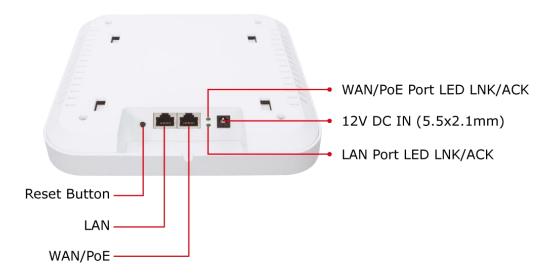
Front Panel



LED definition

LED	STATUS	FUNCTION
PWR	On (Red) The access point is on.	The access point is on.
FWK	Off	System is operating.
Wireless LAN is working.	Wireless LAN is working.	
	On (Green)	5GHz enabled.
SYS		Wireless LAN is working.
	On (Blue)	2.4GHz enabled. 5GHz disabled.
	Off	Wireless LAN disabled.

Rear Panel



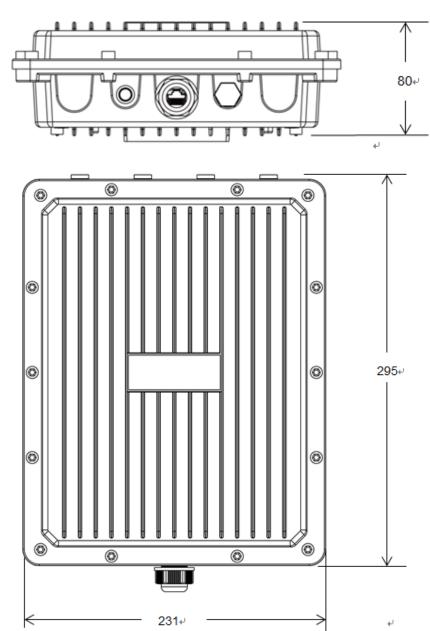


Port definition

Object	Description	
12V DC	12V DC port for the power adapter (DC-Jack 5.5 x 2.1 mm)	
LED	ne access point is on.	
LAN	LAN port connecting to the network equipment.	
PoE/WAN LAN/WAN port with Power over Ethernet (PoE) IN		
Peast	To restore to the factory default setting, press and hold the Reset Button for	
Reset	about 5 seconds, and then release it.	

WDAP-3000AX

- Dimensions: 231 x 80 x 295mm
- Weight: 2500 ±5GHz
- Apperance





Port & Connector



Hardware Interface Definition

Object	Description
Antenna Connectors	4 N-type (female) antenna connectors
PoE LAN Port	10/100/1000Mbps RJ45 port, auto MDI/MDI-X 802.3at PoE+ supported, 48VDC In
Reset Button	Press and hold the Reset button for over 5 seconds to return to the factory default setting.
Grounding Terminal The grounding wire must be attached to this port to damage to the AP from direct lightning strike.	



Chapter 3. Preparation

Before getting into the device's web UI, user has to check the network setting and configure PC's IP address.

3.1 System Requirements

- Broadband Internet Access Service (Cable/xDSL/Ethernet connection)
- One IEEE 802.3at PoE switch (supply power to the WDAP-C3000AX/ WDAP-3000AX)
- PCs with a working Ethernet adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors
- PCs running Windows 98/ME, NT4.0, 2000/XP, Windows Vista / Win 7 / 10 / 11, MAC OS 9 or later, Linux, UNIX or other platforms compatible with TCP/IP protocols



1. The AP in the following instructions refers to PLANET WDAP-C3000AX. (Please refer to WDAP-3000AX QIG to install the AP)

2. It is recommended to use Internet Explorer 11, Edge, Firefox or Chrome to access the AP.



3.2 Hardware Installation -- Installing the AP

WDAP-C3000AX

Before installing the AP, make sure your PoE switch is connected to the Internet through the broadband service successfully at this moment. If there is any problem, please contact your local ISP.

Please install the AP according to the following steps. Don't forget to pull out the power plug and keep your hands dry.

Step 1. Take the mounting bracket, put it on the target place by aligning the holes and fix it with the supplied screws.

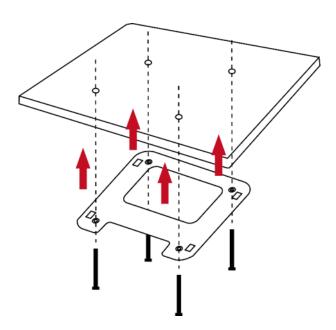


Figure 3-1 Mounting the Bracket

Step 2. Load the device into the mounting bracket, and be sure the device is mated with fixed screws. Then, lock the device in position and plug the Ethernet cable into the WDAP-C3000AX.



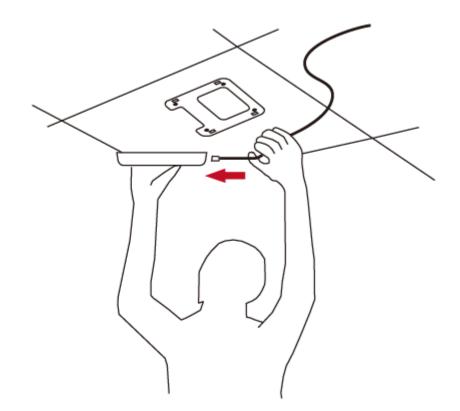
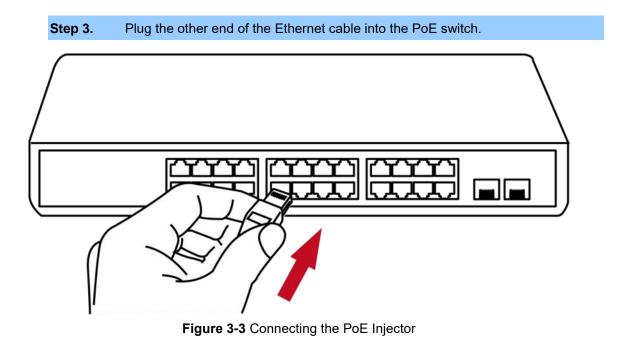


Figure 3-2 Connecting the Ethernet Cable





WDAP-3000AX

Step 1. Install the backplane to the back of the AP.Attach the L-type bracket to the backplane and fasten it.Place the AP to the pole and fasten it with the U-bolt kit.The AP can be mounted on the pole with a diameter of up to 2".

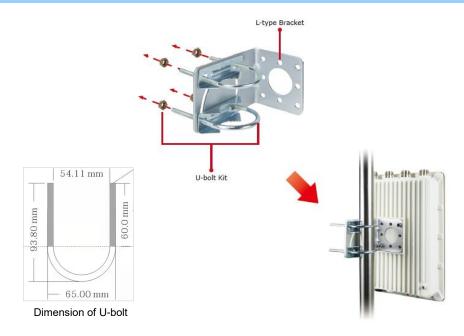


Figure 3-4 Mounting on the cylinder

Step 2. Attach the surge arrestors to each antenna connector.

Attach the antenna equipped with N-type (M) connector to each surge arrestor. Otherwise, connect the antenna through the N-male (male pin) to N-male (male pin) cable. Plug the RJ45 Ethernet cable into the PoE port of the AP through the waterproof kit, and plug the other side of the RJ45 cable into the PoE port of the PoE switch to finish the installation.

% Please remember to finish grounding by consulting the local electrical experts.



Figure 3-5 Attach the surge arresters, antenna and PoE cable



3.3 Manual Network Setup -- TCP/IP Configuration

The WDAP-C3000AX/3000AX IP address <u>default is **DHCP Client** mode and fallback IP is</u> <u>192.168.1.253</u>,and the fallback default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. These values can be changed as you want. In this guide, we use all the default values for description.

Connect the WDAP-C3000AX/3000AX with your PC by plugging one end of an Ethernet cable in the LAN port of the AP and the other end in the LAN port of PC. The WDAP-C3000AX/3000AX is powered by a PoE switch.

In the following sections, we'll introduce how to install and configure the TCP/IP correctly in Windows 11. And the procedures in other operating systems are similar. First, make sure your Ethernet Adapter is working, and refer to the Ethernet adapter manual if needed.



3.3.1 Configuring the IP Address Manually (e.g. WDAP-C3000AX)

Summary:

- Set up the TCP/IP Protocol for your PC.
- Configure the network parameters. The IP address is 192.168.1.xxx (If the default IP address of the WDAP-C3000AX is 192.168.1.253, and the DSL router is 192.168.1.254, the "xxx" can be configured to any number from 1 to 252.) and subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.
- 1 Select **Use the following IP address**, and then configure the IP address of the PC.
- 2 For example, the default IP address of the WDAP-C3000AX is 192.168.1.253 and the DSL router is 192.168.1.254, or you may choose from 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.252.

eneral	
	automatically if your network supports eed to ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address autor	natically
• Use the following IP addres	s:
IP address:	192.168.1.100
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	2 3 3
Obtain DNS server address	automatically
Output the following DNS served	er addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	2 12 2
Alternate DNS server:	
	<u> </u>
	Advanced

Figure 3-6 TCP/IP Setting



Now click **OK** to save your settings.

Now, you can run the ping command in the **command prompt** to verify the network connection between your PC and the AP. The following example is in **Windows 11** OS. Please follow the steps below:

- 1. Click on **Start > Run**.
- 2. Type "**cmd**" in the Search box.

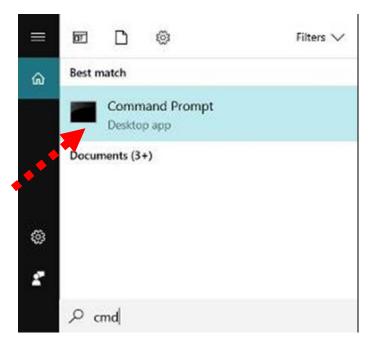


Figure 3-7 Windows Start Menu



- Open a command prompt, type ping **192.168.1.253** and then press Enter. 3.
 - If the result displayed is similar to Figure 3-7, it means the connection between your PC and the AP has been established well.

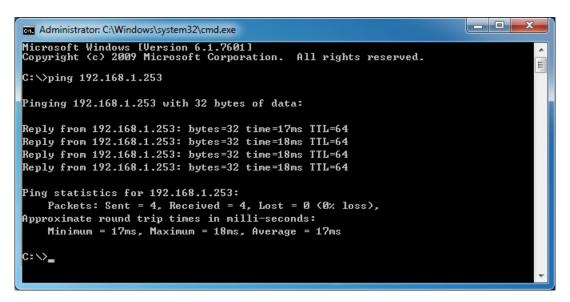


Figure 3-7 Successful Result of Ping Command

If the result displayed is similar to 3-8, it means the connection between your PC and the

AP has failed.

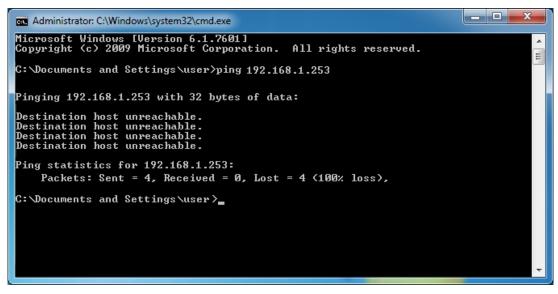


Figure 3-8 Failed Result of Ping Command

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your AP. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.



3.4 Starting Setup in the Web UI

It is easy to configure and manage the AP with the web browser.

Step 1. To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and enter the default IP address https://192.168.1.253 in the web address field of the browser.

	-					
((\rightarrow)	8 htt	ps://192.16	8.1.253/		
C 19	2.168.1	.253	_	×		
File	Edit	View	Favorites	Tools	Help	

Figure 3-9 Login by Default IP Address

Step 2. When the login window pops up, please enter username and password. The default username and password are "**admin**". Then click the **LOGIN** button to continue.

	PLANET Networking & Communication
High-Perfo	ormance & Wide-Range Wi-Fi Transmission
	The Best Choice for Your WLAN Solution WDAP-C3000AX
	Usemame: Login

Figure 3-10 Login Window

Default IP Address: 192.168.1.253

Default Password: admin



If the above screen does not pop up, it may mean that your web browser has been set to a proxy. Go to Tools menu> Internet Options> Connections> LAN Settings on the screen that appears, uncheck **Using Proxy** and click **OK** to finish it.



3.5 Planet Smart Discovery Utility

To easily list the WDAP-C3000AX in your Ethernet environment, the Planet Smart Discovery Utility is an ideal solution.

The following installation instructions guide you to running the Planet Smart Discovery Utility.

Step 1: Download the Planet Smart Discovery Utility to administrator PC.

Step 2: Run this utility and the following screen appears.



Step 3: Press **"Refresh"** for the current connected devices in the discovery list as shown in the following screen:

	🤣 PLANET Smart Discovery Lite – 🗆 🗙						×				
Fi	File Option Help										
	C Refresh										
	MAC Address	Device Name	Version	DeviceIP	NewPasswood	IP Address	NetMask	Gateway	^		
2	A8-F7-E0-4C-25-4F	WGR-500-4PV	v1.3411b191023	192.168.100.23		192.168.100.23	255.255.255.0	192.168.100.			
3	00-30-4F-B6-D5-28	ICA-8500	A1.0.1_0904_PLA	192.168.100.118		192.168.100.118	255.255.255.0	192.168.100.			
4	A8-F7-E0-A1-B2-C3	LCG-300W	v1.2102b230807	192.168.100.222		192.168.100.22	255.255.255.0	192.168.100.			
5	A8-F7-E0-00-33-01	WDAP-C3000AX	v1.2305b230825	192.168.100.208		192.168.100.20	255.255.255.0	192.168.100			
6	A8-F7-E0-00-22-01	WDAP-C3000AX	v1.2305b230828	192,168,100,185		192,168,100,18	255,255,255,0	192.168.100	× .		
<	Select Adapter : 192.168.100.178 (98:43:FA:4F:50:97)										
	Update Device Update Multi Update All Connect to Device										
De	Device : WGS-4215-8HP2S (00-E0-4C-00-00-0C Get Device Information done.										

Step 3: Press "Connect to Device" and then the Web login screen appears.



The fields in the white background can be modified directly and then you can apply the new setting by clicking "**Update Device**".



Chapter 4. Web-based Management

This chapter delivers a detailed presentation of AP's functionalities and allows you to manage the AP with ease. (The web GUI and topology below uses the WDAP-C3000AX as an example.)

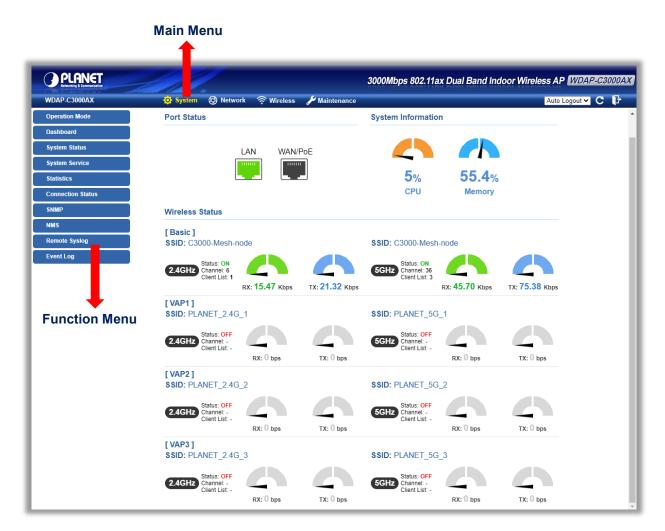


Figure 4-1 Main Web Page





Main Menu

The main menu displays the product name, function menu, and main information in the center. Via the Web management, the administrator can set up the device by selecting the functions those listed in the function menu and button as shown in Figures 4-2 and 4-3.



Figure 4-2: Function Menu

Object	Description
System	Provides system information of the router.
Network	Provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router.
Security	Provides firewall and security configuration of the router.
Wireless	Provides wireless configuration of the router.
Maintenance	Provides firmware upgrade and setting file restore/backup configuration of the router.



Figure 4-3: Function Button

Object	Description
C	Click the " Refresh button " to refresh the current web page.
P	Click the "Logout button" to log out the web UI of the router.
Auto Logout ¥	Set "Auto Logout" to log out the web UI of the router. Auto Logout ✓ Auto Logout Off 3 min 5 min 10 min 15 min



4.1 System

Use the system menu items to display and configure basic administrative details of the router. The System menu shown in Figure 4-4 provides the following features to configure and monitor system.

Operation Mode
Dashboard
System Status
System Service
Statistics
Connection Status
RADIUS
Captive Portal
SNMP
NMS
Remote Syslog
Event Log

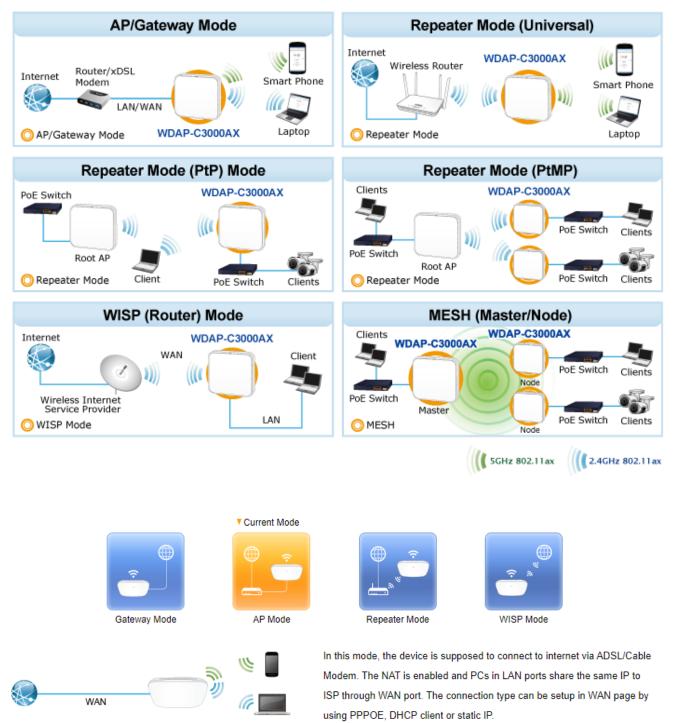
Figure 4-4: System Menu

Object	Description		
Operation Mode	The Wizard will guide the user to configuring the router easily and quickly.		
Deckbeerd	The overview of system information includes connection, port, and system		
Dashboard	status.		
System Status	Display the status of the system, Device Information, LAN and WAN.		
System Service	Display the status of the system, Secured Service and Server Service		
Statistics	Display statistics information of network traffic of LAN and WAN.		
Connection Status	Display the DHCP client table and the ARP table		
RADIUS	Enable/Disable RADIUS on routers		
Captive Portal	Enable/Disable Captive Portal on routers		
SNMP	Display SNMP system information		
NMS	Enable/Disable NMS on routers		
Remote Syslog	Enable Captive Portal on routers		
Event Log	Display Event Log information		



4.1.1 Operation Mode

The Wizard guides you to configuring the WDAP-C3000AX in a different mode, including AP, gateway, repeater and WISP modes. The wizard also supports MESH function set up.







STEP 3 - Network Int	erface Wireless	Connection		
1	2	3		
Mode	LAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Completed
Mesh Wifi Mode		Master 🗸		
Select Radio		Use 5GHz Radio V		
Mesh ID		PLANET-Mesh Scan		
Encryption		WPA3 Personal 🗸		
Passphrase		12345678		
			Cancel	Previous

Figure 4-6 Wireless Connection-MESH set up



The default operation mode is AP Mode.



4.1.2 Gateway Mode (Router)

Click "Wizard" \rightarrow "Gateway Mode" and the following page will be displayed. This section allows you to configure the Gateway mode.

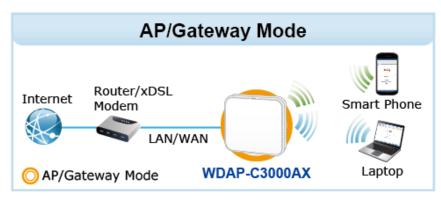


Figure 4-7: Setup Wizard



Cancel

Next



Step 2: LAN Interface

Set up the IP Address and Subnet Mask for the LAN interface as shown in Figure 5-5.

1	2				-6-	-7
Mode	LAN	WAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Security	Completed
IP Address		192.1	68.1.253			
Netmask		255.2	55.255.0			
DHCP Server						
Start IP Address		192.1	68.100. 100			
Maximum DHCP Us	sers	101				

Figure 4-8: Setup Wizard – LAN Configuration

Object	Description		
IP Address	Enter the IP address of your router. The default is 192.168.1.1.		
Subnet Mask	An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally		
	use 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.		
	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled.		
DHCP Server	If user needs to disable the function, please uncheck the box.		
Start ID Address	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.		
Start IP Address	Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.		
	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, which means the router		
Maximum DHCP Users	will provide DHCP client with IP address from 192.168.1.100 to		
	192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.		
Next	Press this button to the next step.		
Canaal	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to		
Cancel	previously saved values.		



Step 3: WAN Interface

1 Mode	2 LAN	- 3 WAN	Wireless Connection	- 5		Completed
mode	LAN	TAN	Wileless Connection	Miciess	Security	completed
VAN1						
onnection Type		DHC				
Address		Static DHC PPPo	P			
tmask		PPP0 PPTF L2TP				
fault Gateway		LZIP				
IS Server 1						
IS Server 2						

The router supports two access modes on the WAN side shown in Figure 4-9

Mode 1 -- Static IP

Select **Static IP Address** if all the Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter the **IP Address**, **Netmask**, **Default Gateway** and **DNS Server** provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format. The setup is shown in Figure 4-10.

WAN1	
Connection Type	Static 🗸
IP Address	192.168.1.252
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
DNS Server 1	8.8.8.8
DNS Server 2	8.8.4.4
	Cancel Previous Next

Figure 4-10: WAN Interface Setup - Static IP Setup



Object	Description
IP Address	Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
Netmask	Enter the Netmask assigned by your ISP.
Default Gateway	Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
DNS Server	The DNS server information will be supplied by your ISP.
Next	Press this button for the next step.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.
Canaal	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert
Cancel	to previously saved values.

Mode 2 -- DHCP Client

Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. The setup is shown in Figure 4-11.

WAN1	
Connection Type	DHCP V
IP Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	
	Cancel Previous Next

Figure 4-11: WAN Interface Setup – DHCP Setup



Step 4: Network Interface Wireless Connection

Set up the Security Settings as shown in Figure 5-9.

4 - Network Interface V	Connection
1 2	3 4 5 6 7
ode LAN	AN Wireless Connection Wireless Security Completed
ifi Mode	Node 🗸
adio	Use 5GHz Radio 🗸
	PLANET-Mesh Scan
on	WPA3 Personal
ase	84117341
	Cancel Previous

Figure 4-12: Wireless Connection-MESH set up

Object	Description		
Mesh Wi-Fi Mode	Select the Mesh role for Master or Node to enable Mesh function.		
	The default configuration is disabled.		
Select Radio	Select 2.4GHz or 5GHz for MESH ID radio.		
Mesh ID	Enter the Mesh ID, just like SSID, or use the Scan button to discover Mesh ID from the Master/Node Mesh AP.		
Encryption	Selector is for the encryption for the sake of security.		
Passphrase	Enter the password for Mesh ID; the default configuration is null.		
Next	Press this button for the next step.		
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.		
Cancel	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to		
-	previously saved values.		



Step 5: Network Interface Wireless

Set up the Security Settings as shown in Figure 4-13.

0 2 3	
	4 5 6 7
Mode LAN WAN	Wireless Connection Wireless Security Completed
SSID F Hide SSID C Bandwidth T Channel E Encryption	P Enable ○ Disable LANET_2.4G PEnable ● Disable 1 AX 20/40MHz ▼ V VPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) ▼ 2345678
SSID F Hide SSID C Bandwidth C Channel 3 Encryption V	 Enable O Disable LANET_5G Enable O Disable 1 AX 20/40/80MHz 6 /PA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) 2345678

Figure 4-13: Wireless Setup

Object	Description			
2.4G/5G Wi-Fi Status	Enable or Disable 2.4GHz/5GHz radio.			
SSID	Enter the SSID ID name. The default configuration is			
2210	PLANET_2.4G/PLANET_5G.			
Bandwidth	Select bandwidth for 2.4GHz/5GHz			
Channel	Select channel for 2.4GHz/5GHz			
Encryption	Selector is the encryption for the sake of security.			
Passphrase	Enter the password for SSID; the default configuration is null.			



Next	Press this button for the next step.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.
Cancel	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to previously saved values.

Step 6: Security Setting

Set up the Security Settings as shown in Figure 4-14.

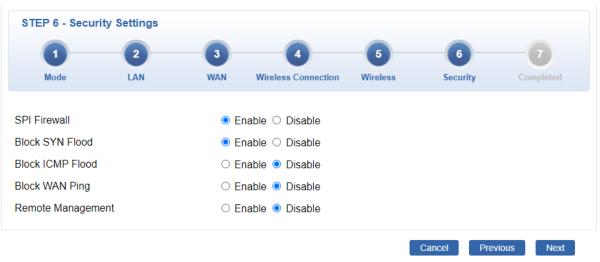


Figure 4-14: Setup Wizard – Security Setting

Object	Description	
	The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network	
SPI Firewall	resources.	
	The default configuration is enabled.	
	SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP	
Block SYN Flood	protocols. Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection	
BIOCK STIN FIOOU	that involves the CPU, memory, and so on.	
	The default configuration is enabled.	
	ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer	
	simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways	
Block ICMP Flood	which hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.	
	The default configuration is disabled.	
	Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet	
Block WAN Ping	network.	
	The default configuration is disabled.	



	Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from
Remote Management	the Internet network.
	The default configuration is disabled.
Next	Press this button for the next step.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.
Cancel	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to
	previously saved values.

Step 7: Setup Completed

The page will show the summary of LAN, WAN and Security settings as shown in Figure 4-15.

STEP 7 - Setup Completed				
1	2	3 4 6 6 7		
Mode	LAN	WAN Wireless Connection Wireless Security Completed		
Operation Mode		Gateway Mode		
LAN		Enable: Static IP: 192.168.1.253 / 255.255.255.0		
WAN		Enable: DHCP		
2.4G WiFi		Enable: ON SSID: PLANET_2.4G Bandwidth: 40MHz Channel: 6 Encryption: WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) Hide SSID: Disable		
5G WiFi		Enable: ON SSID: PLANET_5G Bandwidth: 80MHz Channel: 36 Encryption: WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) Hide SSID: Disable		
Security Settings		SPI Firewall: ON		
		Block SYN Flood: ON		
		Block ICMP Flood: OFF		
		Block WAN Ping: OFF		
		Remote Management: OFF		

Figure 4-15: Setup Wizard – Setup Completed

Object	Description
Finish	Press this button to save and apply changes.
Previous	Press this button for the previous step.



4.1.3 Dashboard

The dashboard provides an overview of system information including connection, port, and system status as shown in Figure 4-16.



Figure 4-16: Dashboard

Port Status

Object	Description
	Ethernet port is in use.
	Ethernet port is not in use.

Wireless Status

Obje	ect	Description
RX: 0 bps	TX: 0 bps	Wireless is in use.
RX: 0 bps	TX: 0 bps	Wireless is not in use.

System Information

Object	Description
CPU	Display the CPU loading
Memory	Display the memory usage





4.1.4 System Status

This page displays system information as shown in Figure 4-17.

Device Information	
Model Name	WDAP-C3000AX
Firmware Version	v1.2305b230825
Region	ETSI
Current Time	2023-10-03 Tuesday 16:59:56
Running Time	5 days, 06:28:55
LAN	
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:33:01
Connection Type	DHCP
IP Address	192.168.100.208
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.100.1
Mesh WiFi	
Status	ON
Mesh ID	PLANET-Mesh
Channel	36
Encryption	WPA3 Personal
BSSID	AA:F7:E0:00:22:01
Signal	-58 dBm
Link Quality	74%
2.4GHz WiFi	
Status	ON
SSID	C3000-Mesh-node
Channel	6
Encryption	WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES)
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:33:03
5GHz WiFi	
Status	ON
SSID	C3000-Mesh-node
Channel	36
Encryption	WPA/WPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES)
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:33:04

Figure 4-17: Status



4.1.5 System Service

This page displays the number of packets that pass through the router on the WAN and LAN. The statistics are shown in Figure 4-18.

Ser	Server Service		
#	Action	Service	Status
1	Enabled	DHCP Service	DHCP Table: 5
2	X Disabled	DDNS Service	Not enabled
3	X Disabled	Quality of Service	
4	X Disabled	RADIUS Service	
5	X Disabled	Captive Portal	
6	Enabled	2.4G WiFi	SSID: PLANET_2.4G
7	Enabled	5G WiFi	SSID: PLANET_5G

Secured Server Service			
#	Action	Service	Status
1	Enabled	Cyberseurity	TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, TLS 1.3
2	Enabled	SPI Firewall	
3	X Disabled	MAC Filtering	(Active / Maximum Entries) 0 / 32
4	X Disabled	IP Filtering	(Active / Maximum Entries) 0 / 32
5	X Disabled	Web Filtering	(Active / Maximum Entries) 0 / 32

Figure 4-18: Service





4.1.6 Statistics

This page displays the number of packets that pass through the router on the WAN and LAN. The statistics are shown in Figure 4-19.

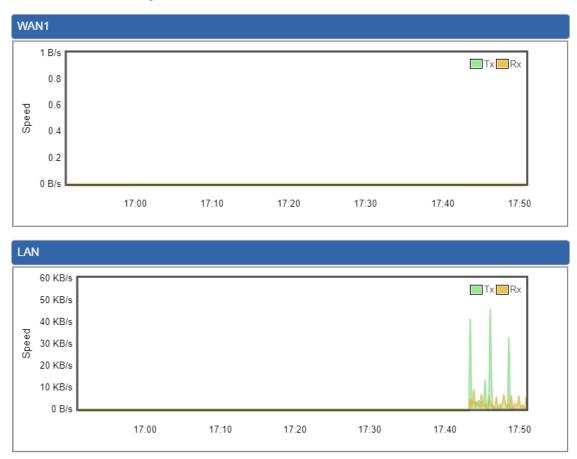


Figure 4-19: Statistics

4.1.7 Connection Status

The page will show the DHCP Table and ARP Table. The status is shown in Figure 4-20.

Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expiration Time
Name	IF Addless	MAC Address	Expiration Time
RP Table			
P Address		MAC Address	ARP Type
		00:30:4f:9e:b7:df	dynamic
192.168.1.11		00.00.11.00.01.01	
192.168.1.11 192.168.1.18	8	00:05:1b:c5:51:14	dynamic
	-		•

Figure 4-20: Connection Status



4.1.8 RADIUS

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting. The RADIUS Server page is shown in Figure 4-21.

RADIUS	
Server Client User Account	
RADIUS Server Mode Server Port	 Enable Disable 1812
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-21: RADIUS

Object	Description
RADIUS	Disable or enable the RADIUS function.
RADIUS	The default configuration is disabled.
Server Port	Default: 1812

4.1.9 Captive Portal

Captive portal service gives the ability to organize a public (or guest) Wi-Fi zone with user authorization. A captive portal is the authorization page that forcibly redirects users who connect to the public network before accessing the Internet. The Captive portal page is shown in Figure 4-22.

Captive Portal	
Config Custom	
Captive Portal Interfaces Authentication Type	○ Enable ● Disable LAN ▼ Local RADIUS Server
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes Preview

Figure 4-22: Captive Portal

Object	Description
Captive Portal	Disable or enable the Captive Portal function.
	The default configuration is disabled.





Captive Portal function can be only configured at Gateway Mode

Customizing the Custom Captive Portal Web Page

1. Click Custom

Captive Portal	
Config Custom	
Background	
Title Word Color	3365a9
Description Word Color	949494
	PLANET Captive Portal
Title	
	(Max 256 characters. Allow special symbols and HTML.)
	Welcome to PLANET!
Description	
	(Max 1280 characters. Allow special symbols and HTML.)
Current Image	PLANET Networking & Communication
Upload Image	遺擅標義] 未遺信任何備素 Size: up to 1M Format Limit: .jpg .gif .bmp .png
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes Preview

- 2. After configure and upload image, click Apply Settings button
- 3. Click Preview to check the Captive Portal login page

PLA Networking &	
PLANET Capt Welcome to P	
Username Password	
LOGIN Your IP is 192.16	



4.1.10 SNMP

SNMP	● Enable ○ Disable	
SNMP Versions	SNMP v1,v2c V	
Read Community	public	
Write Community	private	
Engine ID		
SNMP v3 Security Level	AuthPRiv 🗸	
SNMP v3 User Name		
SNMP v3 Auth Protocol	MD5 🗸	
SNMP v3 Auth Password		
	DES V	
SNMP v3 Privacy Protocol	DEO .	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password		
SNMP v3 Privacy Password		
SNMP v3 Privacy Password ystem Identification System Name	WDAP-C3000AX	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password system Identification System Name System Description	WDAP-C3000AX	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password ystem Identification System Name System Description System Location	WDAP-C3000AX	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password ystem Identification System Name System Description System Location	WDAP-C3000AX	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password ystem Identification System Name System Description System Location System Contact	WDAP-C3000AX Default Location Default Contact	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password ystem Identification System Name System Description System Location System Contact NMP Trap Receiver Configuration	WDAP-C3000AX Default Location Default Contact	
SNMP v3 Privacy Password ystem Identification System Name System Description System Location System Contact NMP Trap Receiver Configuration SNMP Trap	WDAP-C3000AX Default Location Default Contact	
SNMP v3 Privacy Protocol SNMP v3 Privacy Password system Identification System Name System Description System Location System Contact NMP Trap Receiver Configuration SNMP Trap SNMP Trap Destination 1 SNMP Trap Destination 2	WDAP-C3000AX Default Location Default Contact	

This page provides SNMP setting of the router as shown in Figure 4-23.

Figure 4-23: SNMP

Object	Description
Enable SNMP	Disable or enable the SNMP function.
	The default configuration is enabled.
Read/Write Community	Allows entering characters for SNMP Read/Write Community of the
	router.
System Name	Allows entering characters for system name of the router.
System Location	Allows entering characters for system location of the router.
System Contact	Allows entering characters for system contact of the router.
Apply Settings	Press this button to save and apply changes.
Cancol Changes	Press this button to undo any changes made locally and revert to
Cancel Changes	previously saved values.



4.1.11 NMS

The CloudViewer Server – Internet screens – is shown in Figure 4-24.

NMS Configuration	
NMS	PLANET CloudViewer Server - Internet 🗸
Email	
Password	
Connection Status	Not enabled
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-24: CloudViewer Server

Object	Description
Email	The email is registered on CloudViewer Server
Password	The password of your CloudViewer account
Connection Status	Indicates the status of connecting CloudViewer Server

4.1.12 Remote Syslog

Remote Syslog		
Enable Syslog Server		
Port Destination	(1~65535)	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes	

Figure 4-25: Remote Syslog

Object	Description
Enable Remote Syslog	Enable Captive Portal on routers



4.1.13 Event Log

ent L	°9			
1				
No.	Date Time	Uptime	Message	
1	2021-04-22 16:14:19	0d 00:03:19	Wireless configure change	
2	2021-04-22 16:14:19	0d 00:03:19	Firewall configure change	
3	2021-04-22 16:14:19	0d 00:03:19	Network configure change	
4	2021-04-22 16:14:19	0d 00:03:19	DHCP configure change	
5	2021-04-22 16:14:19	0d 00:03:19	Network configure change	
6	2021-04-22 16:14:19	0d 00:03:19	Network configure change	
7	2021-04-22 16:13:14	0d 00:02:15	Web configure change	
8	2021-04-22 16:13:06	0d 00:02:07	Web configure change	
9	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	RADIUS configure change	
10	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	Wireless configure change	
11	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	Firewall configure change	
12	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	Network configure change	
13	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	DHCP configure change	
14	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	Network configure change	
15	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	Network configure change	
16	2021-04-22 16:13:05	0d 00:02:05	System configure change	
17	2021-04-22 16:11:33	0d 00:00:33	UPnP configure change	
18	2021-04-22 16:11:27	0d 00:00:27	Wireless configure change	
19	2021-04-22 08:11:27	0d 00:00:27	Network configure change	
20	2021-04-22 08:11:27	0d 00:00:27	Web configure change	

Clear All Event Logs

Figure 4-26: Event Log

Object	Description
Event Log	Display Event Log information



4.2 Network

The Network function provides WAN, LAN and network configuration of the router as shown in Figure 4-27.

WAN
LAN
UPnP
Routing
RIP
OSPF
IGMP
IPv6
DHCP
DDNS

Figure 4-27: Network Menu

Object	Description
WAN	Allows setting WAN interface.
LAN	Allows setting LAN interface.
UPnP	Disable or enable the UPnP function. The default configuration is disabled.
Routing	Allows setting Route.
RIP	Disable or enable the RIP function.
	The default configuration is disabled.
OSPF	Disable or enable the OSPF function.
	The default configuration is disabled.
IGMP	Disable or enable the IGMP function.
	The default configuration is disabled.
IPv6	Allows setting IPv6 WAN interface.
DHCP	Allows setting DHCP Server.
DDNS	Allows setting DDNS and PLANET DDNS.



4.2.1 WAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of the router as shown in Figure 4-28. Here you may select the access method by clicking the item value of WAN access type.

Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	Static V
IP Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
VAN1 Configuration	
Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	DHCP V
P Address	
Netmask	
Default Gateway	
DNS Server 1	
DNS Server 2	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
AN1 Configuration	
	WAN1
Display Name	
	PPPoE 🗸
Connection Type	PPPoE V
Display Name Connection Type Jsername Password	PPPoE



WAN1 Configuration	
Display Name	WAN1
Connection Type	PPTP V
Server	
Username	
Password	
Enable MPPE Encryption	⊖ Enable
Connection Type	DHCP -

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

Cancel Changes

WAN1 Configuration		
Display Name	WAN1	
Connection Type	L2TP 🗸	
Server		
Username		
Password		
Connection Type	DHCP V	

Figure 4-28: WAN

Apply Settings

- 57 -



Object		Description
	Please sele	ct the corresponding WAN Access Type for the Internet,
	and fill out t	he correct parameters from your local ISP in the fields
	which appea	ar below.
		Select Static IP Address if all the Internet ports' IP
		information is provided to you by your ISP (Internet
		Service Provider). You will need to enter the IP
		address, Netmask, Gateway, and DNS Server provided
		to you by your ISP.
		Each IP address entered in the fields must be in the
		appropriate IP form, which are four octets separated by
		a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address
WAN Access Type	Static	if it is not in this format.
	Static	IP Address
		Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.
		Netmask
		Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.
		Gateway
		Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.
		DNS Server
		The DNS server information will be supplied by your
		ISP.
	DHCP	Select DHCP Client to obtain IP Address information
	DHCF	automatically from your ISP.
		Select PPPOE if your ISP is using a PPPoE connection
	PPPoE	and provide you with PPPoE user name and password
		info.
	PPTP	Enable or disable PPTP to pass through PPTP
		communication data.
	L2TP	Enable or disable L2TP to pass through L2TP
		communication data.



WAN IP, whether obtained automatically or specified manually, should NOT be on the same IP net segment as the LAN IP; otherwise, the router will not work properly. In case of emergency, press the hardware-based "Reset" button.



4.2.2 LAN

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your router as shown in Figure 4-29. Here you may change the settings for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

IP Address	192.168.1.1	
Netmask	255.255.255.0	

Apply Settings Cancel Changes

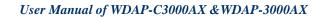
Figure 4-29: LAN Setup

Object	Description
IP Address	The LAN IP address of the router and default is 192.168.1.1 .
Net Mask	Default is 255.255.255.0 .

4.2.3 UpnP

UPnP Configuration	
UPnP	 Enable Disable
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
	Figure 4-30: UpnP
Object	Description

Object	Description
UpnP	Set the function as enable or disable





4.2.4 Routing

Please refer to the following sections for the details as shown in Figures 5-28 and 29.

No.	Туре	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Comment	Action
Current	Routing	Table Information					
Current No.		Table Information	Netmask		Gateway	Interfac	e

Add Routing Table Rule

Figure 4-31: Routing table

Routing Table Configuration	
Туре	Host 🗸
Destination	
Netmask	255.255.255.255 /32 🗸
Default Gateway	
Interface	LAN 🗸
Comment	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-32: Routing setup

Routing tables contain a list of IP addresses. Each IP address identifies a remote router (or other network gateway) that the local router is configured to recognize. For each IP address, the routing table additionally stores a network mask and other data that specifies the destination IP address ranges that remote device will accept.

Object	Description
Tune	There are two types: Host and Net.
Туре	When the Net type is selected, user does not need to input the Gateway.
Destination	The network or host IP address desired to access.
Net Mask	The subnet mask of destination IP.
Gateway	The gateway is the router or host's IP address to which packet was sent.
	It must be the same network segment with the WAN or LAN port.
Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transmit	
Interface	router when this route is used.
Comment	Enter any words for recognition.



4.2.5 RIP

F

RIP Configuration		
Dynamic Route RIP Versions	 ○ Enable ● Disable RIP 2 ✓ 	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes	
Figure 4-33 RIP		
Object	Description	
Dynamic Route	Disable or enable the RIP function	
RIP Versions	Set RIP Versions	

4.2.6 OSPF

OSPF	 Enable	
Router ID		
Area ID	0	

Figure 4-33: OSPF

Object	Description
OSPF	Enable the OSPF function.
Router ID	Set Router ID
Area ID	Set Area ID



4.2.7 IGMP

IGMP Configuration	
IGMP Proxy IGMP Versions	O Enable Disable Auto
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-35: IGMP

Object	Description
IGMP	Enable the IGMP function.
IGMP Versions	Select the GMP Versions

4.2.8 IPv6

This page is used to configure parameter for IPv6 internet network which connects to WAN port of the router as shown in Figure 4-36. It allows you to enable IPv6 function and set up the parameters of the router's WAN. In this setting you may change WAN connection type and other settings.

IPv6 - WAN1	
Connection Type IPv6 Address Subnet Prefix Length Default Gateway IPv6 DNS Server 1 IPv6 DNS Server 2	DHCP
IPv6 - LAN	
Type Static Address Subnet Prefix Length	 Delegate Prefix from WAN O Static 64
DHCPv6	
Address Assign	● Stateless ○ Stateful ○ Passthrough ○ Disable
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes



IPv6 - WAN1	
Connection Type	Static 🖌
IPv6 Address	
Subnet Prefix Length	64
Default Gateway	
IPv6 DNS Server 1	
IPv6 DNS Server 2	
IPv6 - LAN	
Туре	Oelegate Prefix from WAN O Static
Type Static Address	Oelegate Prefix from WAN O Static
	 Delegate Prefix from WAN O Static 64
Static Address	
Static Address	
Static Address Subnet Prefix Length	

Figure 4-36: IPv6 WAN setup

Object	Description	
Connection Type	Select IPv6 WAN type either by using DHCP or Static.	
IPv6 Address	Enter the WAN IPv6 address.	
Subnet Prefix Length	Enter the subnet prefix length.	
Default Gateway	Enter the default gateway of the WAN port.	
IPv6 DNS Server 1	Input a specific DNS server	
IPv6 DNS Server 2	Input a specific DNS server	

4.2.9 DHCP

The DHCP service allows you to control the IP address configuration of all your network devices. When a client (host or other device such as networked printer, etc.) joins your network it will automatically get a valid IP address from a range of addresses and other settings from the DHCP service. The client must be configured to use DHCP; this is something called "automatic network configuration" and is often the default setting. The setup is shown in Figure 4-37.



DHCP Server	Enable O Disable		
Start IP Address	192.168.1. 100		
Maximum DHCP Users	101		
DNS Server	Automatically O N	lanually	
Primary DNS Server			
Secondary DNS Server			
WINS			
Lease Time	1440	minutes	
Domain Name			
-Static DHCP List			
Index Device Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Delete
	192.168.1.150	00:30:4F:00:00:01	Add

Apply Settings Cancel Changes		
Figure 4-38: DHCP		
Object Description		
	By default, the DHCP Server is enabled, meaning the router	
DHCP Service	will assign IP addresses to the DHCP clients automatically.	
	If user needs to disable the function, please set it as disable.	
Start IP Address	By default, the start IP address is 192.168.1.100.	
	Please do not set it to the same IP address of the router.	
	By default, the maximum DHCP users are 101, meaning the	
Maximum DHCP Users	router will provide DHCP client with IP address from	
Maximum DHCP Users	192.168.1.100 to 192.168.1.200 when the start IP address is	
	192.168.1.100.	
	By default, it is set as Automatically, and the DNS server is	
DNS Server	the router's LAN IP address.	
DNS Server	If user needs to use specific DNS server, please set it as	
	Manually, and then input a specific DNS server.	
Primary/Secondary DNS Server	Input a specific DNS server.	
WINS	Input a WINS server if needed.	
	Set the time for using one assigned IP. After the lease time,	
Lease Time	the DHCP client will need to get new IP addresses from the	
Lease Time	router.	
	Default is 1440 minutes.	
Domain Name	Input a domain name for the router.	



4.2.10 DDNS

The router offers the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address, and then your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as **PLANET DDNS** (<u>http://www.planetddns.com</u>) and set up the domain name of your choice.

PLANET DDNS website provides a free DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Server) service for PLANET devices. Whether the IP address used on your PLANET device supporting DDNS service is fixed or dynamic, you can easily connect the devices anywhere on the Internet with a meaningful or easy-to-remember name you gave. PLANET DDNS provides two types of DDNS services. One is **PLANET DDNS** and the other is **PLANET Easy DDNS** as shown in Figure 5-35.

PLANET DDNS

For example, you've just installed a PLANET IP camera with dynamic IP like 210.66.155.93 in the network. You can name this device as "Mycam1" and register a domain as Mycam1.planetddns.com at PLANET DDNS (<u>http://www.planetddns.com</u>). Thus, you don't need to memorize the exact IP address but just the URL link: Mycam1.planetddns.com.

PLANET Easy DDNS

PLANET Easy DDNS is an easy way to help user to get your Domain Name with just one click. You can just log in to the Web Management Interface of your devices, say, your router, and check the DDNS menu and just enable it. You don't need to go to <u>http://www.planetddns.com</u> to apply for a new account. Once you enabled the Easy DDNS, your PLANET Network Device will use the format PLxxxxx where xxxxxx is the last 6 characters of your MAC address that can be found on the Web page or bottom label of the device. (For example, if the router's MAC address is A8-F7-E0-81-96-C9, it will be converted into pt8196c9.planetddns.com)

DDNS Configuration	
Dynamic DNS	● Enable ○ Disable
Interface	WAN1 🗸
DDNS Type	PLANET DDNS 🗸
PLANET Easy DDNS	Disable 🗸
User Name	
Password	
Host Name	
Interval	120 seconds
Connection Status	Not enabled
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-39: PLANET DDNS



Object	Description
DDNS Service	By default, the DDNS service is disabled.
DDN3 Service	If user needs to enable the function, please set it as enable.
Interface	User is able to select the interface for DDNS service.
Interface	By default, the interface is WAN 1.
	There are three options:
	1. PLANET DDNS: Activate PLANET DDNS service.
	2. DynDNS: Activate DynDNS service.
DDNS Type	3. NOIP: Activate NOIP service.
	Note that please first register with the DDNS service and set up the
	domain name of your choice to begin using it.
	When the PLANET DDNS service is activated, user is able to select
	to enable or disable Easy DDNS.
Easy DDNS	When this function is enabled, DDNS hostname will appear
	automatically. User doesn't go to http://www.planetddns.com to
	apply for a new account.
User Name	The user name is used to log into DDNS service.
Password	The password is used to log into DDNS service.
Host Name	The host name as registered with your DDNS provider.
Interval	Set the update interval of the DDNS function.
Connection Status	Show the connection status of the DDNS function.



4.3 Security

The Security menu provides Firewall, Access Filtering and other functions as shown in Figure 4-40. Please refer to the following sections for the details.

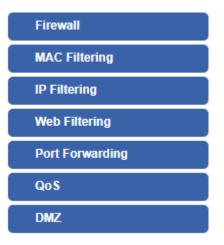


Figure 4-40: Security menu

Object	Description
Firewall	Allows setting DoS (Denial of Service) protection as enable.
MAC Filtering	Allows setting MAC Filtering.
IP Filtering	Allows setting IP Filtering.
Web Filtering	Allows setting Web Filtering.
Port Forwarding	Allows setting Port Forwarding.
QoS	Allows setting Qos.
DMZ	Allows setting DMZ.



4.3.1 Firewall

A "Denial-of-Service" (DoS) attack is characterized by an explicit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a service from using that service. The router can prevent specific DoS attacks as shown in Figure 4-41.

Firewall Protection				
SPI Firewall	Enable	O Disable		
DDoS				
Block SYN Flood	Enable	 Disable 	30	Packets/Second
Block FIN Flood	O Enable	Disable	30	Packets/Second
Block UDP Flood	O Enable	Disable	30	Packets/Second
Block ICMP Flood	O Enable	Disable	5	Packets/Second
Block IP Teardrop Attack	O Enable	Disable		
Block Ping of Death	○ Enable	Disable		
Block TCP packets with SYN and FIN Bits set	○ Enable	Disable		
Block TCP packets with FIN Bit set but no ACK Bit set	○ Enable	Disable		
Block TCP packets without Bits set	 Enable 	Disable		
System Security				
Block WAN Ping	O Enable	Disable		
HTTP Port	80	Dicable		
HTTPs Port	443			
Remote Management	O Enable	Disable		
Temporarily block when login failed more than	0	(0 means no lim	it)	
IP blocking period	0	minute(s) (0 mea	ans permar	nent blocking)
Blocked IP	0.0.0.0			
NAT ALGs				
FTP ALG	Enable	 Disable 		
TFTP ALG	Enable	O Disable		
RTSP ALG	O Enable	Disable		
H.323 ALG	O Enable	Disable		
SIP ALG	O Enable	Disable		
l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	Apply Settings	Cancel Cha	nges	

Figure 4-42: Firewall



Object	Description
	The SPI Firewall prevents attack and improper access to network
SPI Firewall	resources.
	The default configuration is enabled.
	SYN Flood is a popular attack way. DoS and DDoS are TCP protocols.
Block SYN Flood	Hackers like using this method to make a fake connection that involves
BIOCK STIN FIOOU	the CPU, memory, and so on.
	The default configuration is enabled.
	If the function is enabled, when the number of the current FIN packets is
Block FIN Flood	beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking function
	immediately.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	If the function is enabled, when the number of the current UPD-FLOOD
Block UDP Flood	packets is beyond the set value, the router will start the blocking function
BIOCK ODP FIOOU	immediately.
	The default configuration is disabled.
	ICMP is kind of a pack of TCP/IP; its important function is to transfer
Block ICMP Flood	simple signal on the Internet. There are two normal attack ways which
	hackers like to use, Ping of Death and Smurf attack.
	The default configuration is disabled.
IP TearDrop	If the function is enabled, the router will block Teardrop attack that is
	targeting on TCP/IP fragmentation reassembly codes.
	If the function is enabled, the router will block Ping of Death attack that
Ping Of Death	aims to disrupt a targeted machine by sending a packet larger than the
	maximum allowable size causing the target machine to freeze or crash.
TCP packets with SYN and	Set the function as enable or disable
FIN Bits set	
TCP packets with FIN Bit	Set the function as enable or disable
set but no ACK Bit set	
TCP packets without Bits	Set the function as enable or disable
set	
Block WAN Ping	Enable the function to allow the Ping access from the Internet network.
	The default configuration is disabled.
HTTP Port	The default is 80.
HTTPs Port	The default is 443.
	Enable the function to allow the web server access of the router from the
Remote Management	Internet network.
	The default configuration is disabled.



Temporarily block when login failed	The default is 0. (0 means no limit)
IP blocking period	The default is 0. (0 means permanent blocking)
Blocked IP	0.0.0.0
FTP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
TFTP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
RTSP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
H.323 ALG	Set the function as enable or disable
SIP ALG	Set the function as enable or disable

4.3.2 MAC Filtering

Entries in this table are used to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network or Internet through the router. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network as shown in Figure 4-43.

MAC Fill	ering				
MAC F Interfac			⊖ Enable □ LAN	e ● Disable □ WAN	
MAC Filt	ering Rule	S			
Index	Active	Device Name		MAC Address 00:30:4F:00:00:01	Action Add
			Apply Settin	igs Cancel Changes	

Figure 4-43: MAC Filtering

Object	Description
	Set the function as enable or disable.
Enable MAC Filtering	When the function is enabled, the router will block traffic of the MAC
	address on the list.
Interfece	Select the function works on LAN, WAN or both. If you want to block
Interface	a LAN device's MAC address, please select LAN, vice versa.
MAC Address	Input a MAC address you want to control, such as
MAC Address	A8:F7:E0:00:06:62.
A d d	When you input a MAC address, please click the "Add" button to add
Add	it into the list.





4.3.3 IP Filtering

IP Filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the public IP address on internet as shown in Figure 4-44. To begin blocking access to an IP address, enable IP Filtering and enter the IP address of the web site you wish to block.

IP Filtering	
IP Filtering	Enable Disable
IP Filtering Rules	
No. Active Source IP	Destination IP Port Range Protocol Action
	Add IP Filtering Rule
	Figure 4-44: IP Filtering
Object	Description
P Filtering	Set the function as enable or disable.
Add IP Filtering Rule	Go to the Add Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.
IP Filtering	
Active Type	 ● Enable ○ Disable ● IPv4 ○ IPv6
Source IP Address	/ 32 • Anywhere
Destination IP Address	/ 32 • Anywhere
Destination Port	
Protocol	ALL 🗸
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
	Figure 4-45: IP Filter Rule Setting
Object	Description
Enable	Set the rule as enable or disable.
Гуре	Set the type as IPv4 or IPv6

Туре	Set the type as IPv4 or IPv6
Source IP Address	Input the IP address of LAN user (such as PC or laptop) which you want to control.
Anywhere (of source IP Address)	Check the box if you want to control all LAN users.
Destination IP Address	Input the IP address of web site which you want to block.
Anywhere (of destination IP Address)	Check the box if you want to control all web sites, meaning the LAN user can't visit any web site.
Destination Port	Input the port of destination IP Address which you want to block. Leave it as blank if you want to block all ports of the web site.
Protocol	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or all). If you are unsure, please leave it to the default all protocol.



4.3.4 Web Filtering

Add Web Filtering Rule

Web filtering is used to deny LAN users from accessing the internet as shown in Figure 4-46. Block those URLs which contain keywords listed below.

Web Filte	ering		
Web Filt	tering	⊖ Enable	
Web Filte	ering Rules		
No.	Active	Filter Keyword	Action
		Add Web Filtering Rule	
		Figure 4-46: Web Filter	ing
	Object		Description
Web Filt	tering	Set the function as enable o	r disable.

Status	Enable •	
Filter Keyword	ex. www.yahoo.com	

Go to the Add Web Filtering Rule page to add a new rule.

Figure 4-47: Web Filtering Rule Setting

Object	Description
Status	Set the rule as enable or disable.
Filter Keyword	Input the URL address that you want to filter, such as www.yahoo.com.



4.3.5 Port Forwarding

Entries in this table allow you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall as shown in Figure 4-48. These settings are only necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Router's NAT firewall.

Port Forwarding	
Port Forwarding	Enable Disable
Port Forwarding Rules	
No. Rule Name Active External Inte	erface Protocol External Port Range Internal IP Internal Port Range Action
	Add Port Forwarding Rule
	Figure 4-48: Port Forwarding
Object	Description
Port Forwarding	Set the function as enable or disable.
Add Port Forwarding Rule	Go to the Add Port Forwarding Rule page to add a new rule.
Port Forwarding	
Active	Enable O Disable
Rule Name	
Protocol External Service Port	
Virtual Server IP Address	
Internal Service Port	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes
Fig	gure 4-49: Port Forwarding Rule Setting
Object	Description
Active	Set the function as enable or disable
Rule Name	Enter any words for recognition.
Protocol	Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP or both). If you are unsure,
	please leave it to the default both protocols.
	Enter the external ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP
External Service Port	services, enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by
	the service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both
	the start and finish fields.
Virtual Server IP Address	Enter the local IP address

Virtual Server IP Address	Enter the local IP address.
	Enter local ports you want to control. For TCP and UDP Services,
Internal Service Port	enter the beginning of the range of port numbers used by the
internal Service Port	service. If the service uses a single port number, enter it in both the
	start and finish fields.



4.3.6 QoS

QoS - WAN1	Enable/disable QoS function	
Object	Desc	ription
	Figure 4-50: QoS Setting	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes	l
	ALL •	Premium V Add
	Protocol Destination Port Range	Priority Action
Network Priority		
AOL(TCP:5190)	AOL Instant Messenger protocol	Premium 🗸 Add
Protocol	Description	Priority Action
Service Priority		
Bulks	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Standard	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Express	100 % 100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps WAN1 0 Kbps
Priority Premium	Maximum Bandwidth	Bandwidth Value
Downstream Bandwidth		
Bulks	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Standard	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Express	100 %	WAN1 0 Kbps
Priority Premium	Maximum Bandwidth	Bandwidth Value WAN1 0 Kbps
Upstream Bandwidth		
Downstream	0 Kbps	
Quality of Service Upstream	○ Enable	

Upstream Bandwidth	Setting Upstream Bandwidth
Downstream Bandwidth	Setting Downstream Bandwidth
Service Priority	Setting Service Priority
Network Priority	Setting Network Priority



4.3.7 DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network as shown in Figure 4-51. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

DMZ - WAN1	
DMZ DMZ IP Address	 Enable Disable Disable
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-51: DMZ

Object	Description	
	Set the function as enable or disable. If the DMZ function is enabled,	
DM7	it means that you set up DMZ at a particular computer to be exposed	
DMZ	to the Internet so that some applications/software, especially	
	Internet/online game can have two way connections.	
	Enter the IP address of a particular host in your LAN which will	
DMZ IP Address	receive all the packets originally going to the WAN port/Public IP	
	address above.	



4.4 Wireless

The Wireless menu provides the following features for managing the system

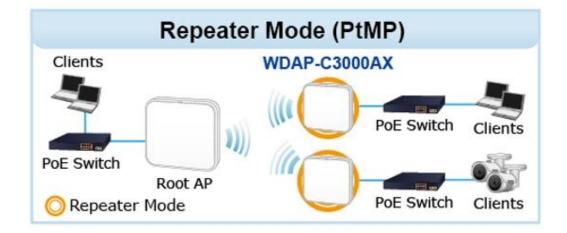


Figure 4-52: Wireless Menu

Object	Description
Repeater	Allow to configure Repeater.
2.4G Wi-Fi	Allow to configure 2.4G Wi-Fi.
5G Wi-Fi	Allow to configure 5G Wi-Fi.
MAC ACL	Allow configure MAC ACL.
Wi-Fi Advanced	Allow to configure advanced setting of Wi-Fi.
Wi-Fi Statistics	Display the statistics of Wi-Fi traffic.
Connection Status	Display the connection status.



4.4.1 Repeater



This page allows the user to define Repeater

Repeater Configuration	
Select Radio	Use 5GHz Radio 🖌
SSID	PLANET_5G Scan
Lock BSSID	○ Enable ● Disable
BSSID	A8:F7:E0:B2:31:FB
Encryption	Open 🗸

Figure 4-53: Repeater

Cancel Changes

Apply Settings

Object	Description
Select Radio	Select "2.4GHz" or "5GHz" wireless LAN.
SSID (Wireless Name)	Enter the root AP's SSID or press " Scan " to select.
Lock BSSID	Enable/disable to lock the root AP's MAC address.
BSSID	The root AP's MAC address
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption of root AP. The default is " Open "



4.4.2 2.4G Wi-Fi

This page allows the user to define 2.4G Wi-Fi.

sic Virtual AP1 Vi	tual AP2 Virtual AP3
Wireless Status	● Enable ○ Disable
Wireless Name (SSID)	PLANET_2.4G
Hide SSID	○ Enable
Wireless Mode	11 AX 20/40MHz 🖌
Channel	6 🗸
Encryption	Open 🗸
WiFi Multimedia	● Enable ○ Disable
VLAN ID	1

Figure 4-54: 2.4G Wi-Fi

Object	Description
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 2.4G Wi-Fi
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 2.4G SSID is
	"PLANET_2.4G"
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID
Wireless Mode	Select the operating wireless mode
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 2.4GHz is channel 6.
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is " Open "
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) function
VLAN ID	Setting VLAD ID



4.4.3 5G Wi-Fi

This page allows the user to define 5G Wi-Fi.

Basic Virtual AP1 Virtual AP2 Virtual AP3	
Wireless Status Enable Disable	
Wireless Name (SSID) PLANET_5G	
Hide SSID C Enable Disable	
Wireless Mode 11 AX 20/40/80MHz 🗸	
Channel 36 🗸	
Encryption Open	~
WiFi Multimedia ● Enable ○ Disable	
VLAN ID 1	

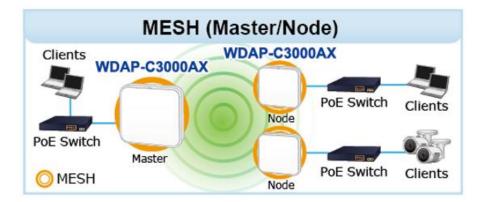
Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-55: 5G Wi-Fi

Object	Description	
Wireless Status	Allows user to enable or disable 5G Wi-Fi	
Wireless Name (SSID)	It is the wireless network name. The default 5G SSID is	
	"PLANET_5G"	
Hide SSID	Allows user to enable or disable SSID	
Wireless Mode	Select the operating wireless mode	
Channel	It shows the channel of the CPE. Default 5GHz is channel 36.	
Encryption	Select the wireless encryption. The default is " Open "	
Wi-Fi Multimedia	Enable/Disable WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) function	
VLAN ID	Setting VLAD ID	



4.4.4 Mesh Wi-Fi



This page allows the user to configure Mesh Wi-Fi.

Mesh Configuration	
Mesh Mode	Node 🗸
Select Radio	Use 5GHz Radio 🗸
Mesh ID	PLANET-Mesh Scan
Encryption	WPA3 Personal
Passphrase	123123123
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-56: Mesh Wi-Fi

Object	Description		
Mesh Wifi Mode	Select the Mesh role for Master or Node to enable MESH function. The default configuration is disabled.		
Select Radio	Select 2.4GHz or 5GHz for MESH ID radio.		
Mesh ID	Enter the Mesh ID, just like SSID, or use the Scan button to discover Mesh ID from the Master/Node Mesh AP.		
Encryption	discover Mesh ID from the Master/Node Mesh AP. Selector is the encryption for the sake of security. WPA3 Personal • WPA3 Personal • WPA2 Personal (AES) • WPA2 Personal (TKIP) • WPA2 Personal (TKIP) • WPAWPA2 Personal (TKIP) • WPAWPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) • WPAWPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) • WPAWPA2 Personal (TKIP+AES) • WPA Personal (TKIP) • WPA Personal (TKIP+AES) • WPA Personal (TKIP) • WPA Personal (TKIP)		
Passphrase	Enter the password for Mesh ID; the default configuration is null.		



4.4.5 MAC ACL

This page allows the user to define MAC ACL.

MAC AC	L			
MAC A	CL	○ Enable		
MAC AC	L Rules			
Index	Active	Device Name	MAC Address	Action
		abc	00:30:4F:00:00:01	Add
				Scan

Figure 4-57: MAC ACL

Object	Description	
Active	Allows the devices to pass in the rule	
Device Name	Set an allowed device name	
MAC Address	Set an allowed device MAC address	
Add	Press the " Add " button to add end-device that is scanned from	
	wireless network and mark them	
Scan	Connect to client list	



4.4.6 Wi-Fi Advanced

This page allows the user to define advanced setting of Wi-Fi.

WiFi Advanced	
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	75 (Range 1~75)
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	75 (Range 1~75)
2.4GHz Coverage Threshold	-95 (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
5GHz Coverage Threshold	-95 (-95dBm ~ -60dBm)
2.4GHz TX Power	Max(100%) 🗸
5GHz TX Power	Max(100%) 🗸
2.4GHz WLAN Partition	○ Enable
5GHz WLAN Partition	◯ Enable .● Disable
RTS Threshold	2347 (0-2347)

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

Figure 4-58: Wi-Fi Advanced

Object	Description	
2.4GHz Maximum Associated Clients	The maximum users are 75	
5GHz Maximum Associated Clients	The maximum users are 75	
2.4G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients	
	occupying session. The default is -95dBm	
5G Coverage Threshold	The coverage threshold is to limit the weak signal of clients	
	occupying session. The default is -95dBm	
2.4G TX Power	The range of transmit power is Max (100%) , Efficient (75%) ,	
	Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%) or Min (15%). In case of	
	shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network,	
	input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power	
5G TX Power	The range of transmit power is Max (100%) , Efficient (75%),	
	Enhanced (50%), Standard (25%) or Min (15%). In case of	
	shortening the distance and the coverage of the wireless network,	
	input a smaller value to reduce the radio transmission power	
2.4GHz WLAN Partition	Set the function as enable or disable	
5GHz WLAN Partition	Set the function as enable or disable	
RTS Threshold	Enable or Disable RTS/CTS protocol. It can be used in the	
	following scenarios and used by Stations or Wireless AP.	
	1) When medium is too noisy or lots of interferences are present. If	
	the AP/Station cannot get a chance to send a packet, the	
	RTS/CTS mechanism can be initiated to get the packet sent.	
	2) In mixed mode, the hidden node problem can be avoided.	
	The default value is 2347	



4.4.7 Wi-Fi Statistics

This page shows the statistics of Wi-Fi traffic.

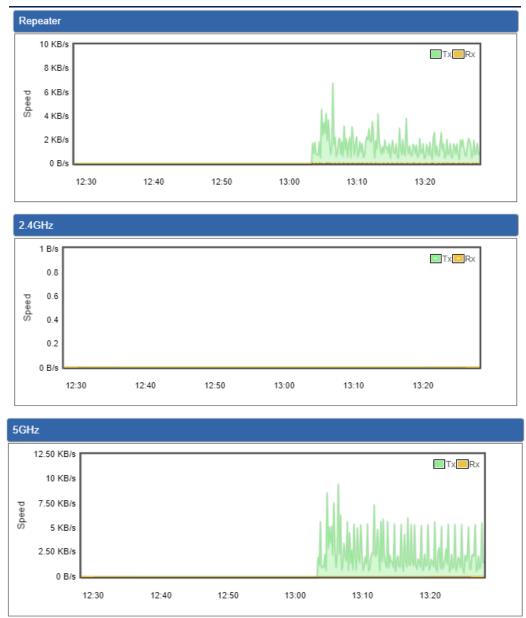


Figure 4-59: Wi-Fi Statistics



4.4.8 Connection Status

This page shows the host names and MAC address of all the clients in your network

Client L	₋ist				
No.	Name	MAC Address	Signal	Connected Time	

Object Description		
Name	Display the host name of connected clients.	
MAC Address	Display the MAC address of connected clients.	
Signal	Display the connected signal of connected clients.	
Connected Time	Display the connected time of connected clients.	



4.5 Maintenance

The Maintenance menu provides the following features for managing the system

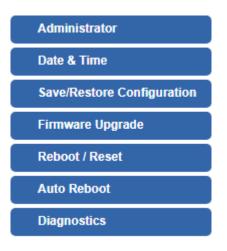


Figure 4-61: Maintenance

Object	Description	
Administrator	Allows changing the login username and password.	
Date & Time	Allows setting Date & Time function.	
Save/Restore	Export the router's configuration to local or USB sticker.	
Configuration	Restore the router's configuration from local or USB sticker.	
Firmware Upgrade	Upgrade the firmware from local or USB storage.	
Reboot / Reset	Reboot or reset the system.	
Auto Reboot	Allows setting auto-reboot schedule.	
Diagnostics	Allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP.	



4.5.1 Administrator

To ensure the router's security is secure, you will be asked for your password when you access the router's Web-based utility. The default user name and password are **"admin"**. This page will allow you to modify the user name and passwords as shown in Figure 4-62.

Account Password			
Username	admin		
Password			
Confirm Password			

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

Figure 4-62: Administrator		
Object	Description	
Username	Input a new username.	
Password	Input a new password.	
Confirm Password	Input password again.	

4.5.2 Date and Time

This section assists you in setting the system time of the router. You are able to either select to set the time and date manually or automatically obtain the GMT time from Internet as shown in Figure 4-63.

Date and Time	
Current Time	Year 2019 Month 10 Day 22 Hour 10 Minute 27 Second 12
	Copy Computer Time
Time Zone Select	(GMT+08:00)Taipei
NTP Client Update	Enable Disable
NTP Server	time.nist.gov
	time.windows.com
	time.stdtime.gov.tw
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-63: Date and Time

Object	Description
Current Time	Show the current time.
Current Time	User is able to set time and date manually.
Time Zone Select	Select the time zone of the country you are currently in. The router will
	set its time based on your selection.
NTP Client Update	Once this function is enabled, router will automatically update current
	time from NTP server.
NTP Server	User may use the default NTP sever or input NTP server manually.



4.5.3 Saving/Restoring Configuration

This page shows the status of the configuration. You may save the setting file to either USB storage or PC and load the setting file from USB storage or PC as Figure 4-64 is shown below:

Save/Restore Configuration	
Configuration Export	Export
Configuration Import	Choose File No file chosen
Import	

Figure 4-64: Save/Restore Configuration

Save Setting to PC

Object	Description	
Configuration Export	Press the Export button to save setting file to PC.	
Configuration Import	Press the Choose File button to select the setting file, and then	
- ·	press the Import button to upload setting file from PC.	

4.5.4 Firmware Upgrading

This page provides the firmware upgrade of the router as shown in Figure 4-65.

Firmware Information	
Firmware Version	v2.2102b210922
Last Upgrade Date	N/A
Firmware Upgrade	
Select File	Choose File No file chosen
Upgrade	

Figure 4-65: Firmware upgrade

Object	Description
Choose File	Press the button to select the firmware.
Upgrade	Press the button to upgrade firmware to system.





4.5.5 Reboot / Reset

This page enables the device to be rebooted from a remote location. Once the Reboot button is pressed, users have to re-log in the Web interface as Figure 4-66 is shown below:

Reboot / Reset	
Reboot Button	Reboot
Reset Button	Reset to Default
I'd like to keep the network profile Keep your current network profiles a	es. and reset all other configuration to factory defaults.

Figure 4-66: Re	boot/Reset
-----------------	------------

Object	Description
Reboot	Press the button to reboot system.
Reset	Press the button to restore all settings to factory default settings.
I'd like to keep the	Check the box and then press the Reset to Default button to keep
network profiles.	the current network profiles and reset all other configurations to
	factory defaults.

4.5.6 Auto Reboot

Auto Reboot	
Auto Reboot	○ Enable
Reboot Type	○ Daily based
	☐ Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday □ Saturday Sunday
Time	00 v : 00 v (HH/MM)
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes

Figure 4-67: Auto Reboot

Object	Description
Auto Reboot	Disable or enable the Auto Reboot function.
Reboot Type	Set the function type.
Time	Select reboot time for clock



4.5.7 Diagnostics

The page allows you to issue ICMP PING packets to troubleshoot IP connectivity issues. After you press "Ping", ICMP packets are transmitted, and the sequence number and roundtrip time are displayed upon reception of a reply. The Page refreshes automatically until responses to all packets are received, or until a timeout occurs. The ICMP Ping is shown in Figure 4-68.

Diagnostics	
Ping Trace Rout	e
Interface Target Host Numbers of Packets Ping	Any V Run

Figure 4-68: Ping

Object	Description
Interface	Select an interface of the router.
Target Host	The destination IP Address or domain.
Number of Packets	Set the number of packets that will be transmitted; the maximum is 100.
Ping	The time of ping.



Diagnostics	
Ping Trace Route	
Target Host Trace	Run

Figure 4-69: Trace Route

Object	Description
Target Host	The destination IP Address or domain.
Trace	The time of ping.



Be sure the target IP address is within the same network subnet of the router, or you have to set up the correct gateway IP address.



Chapter 5. Quick Connection to a Wireless

Network

In the following sections, the default SSID of the WDAP-C3000AX is configured to "default".

5.1 Windows XP (Wireless Zero Configuration)

Step 1: Right-click on the wireless network icon displayed in the system tray



Figure 5-1 System Tray – Wireless Network Icon

Step 2: Select [View Available Wireless Networks]

Step 3: Highlight and select the wireless network (SSID) to connect

- (1) Select SSID [default]
- (2) Click the [Connect] button

(^(†)) Wireless Network Connect	ion	X
Network Tasks	Choose a wireless network	
🥩 Refresh network list	Click an item in the list below to connect to a <u>w</u> ireless network in range or to get more information.	
Set up a wireless network for a home or small office	((p))	^
Related Tasks	((g))	
Learn about wireless networking	Cecurity-enabled wireless network	=
Change the order of preferred networks	((p))	
Change advanced settings	(()) default	
	To connect to this network, click Connect. You might need to enter additional information.	
	((၀))	~
		:t

Figure 5-1 Choosing a Wireless Network



Step 4: Enter the encryption key of the wireless AP

- (1) The Wireless Network Connection box will appear
- (2) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (3) Click the [Connect] button

Wireless Network Connection				
The network 'PLANET' requires a network key (also called a WEP key or WPA key). A network key helps prevent unknown intruders from connecting to this network.				
Type the key, and then click Connect.				
Network <u>k</u> ey:	•••••			
C <u>o</u> nfirm network key:	•••••			
	<u>Connect</u> Cancel			

Figure 5-2 Entering the Network Key

Step 5: Check if "Connected" is displayed

^{†®} Wireless Network Connect	
Network Tasks	Choose a wireless network
🛃 Refresh network list	Click an item in the list below to connect to a <u>w</u> ireless network in range or to get more information.
Set up a wireless network for a home or small office	((p)) default Connected 👷 🗠
Related Tasks	((p))
Learn about wireless networking	Comparison of the security-enabled wireless network (WPA)
Change the order of preferred networks	B Security-enabled wireless network
Change advanced settings	((P))
	((o))
	Unsecured wireless network
	Unsecured wireless network

Figure 5-3 Choosing a Wireless Network -- Connected



Some laptops are equipped with a "Wireless ON/OFF" switch for the internal wireless LAN. Make sure the hardware wireless switch is switched to "ON" position.



5.2 Windows 7/8/10/11 (WLAN AutoConfig)

WLAN AutoConfig service is built-in in Windows 7 that can be used to detect and connect to wireless network. This built-in wireless network connection tool is similar to wireless zero configuration tool in Windows XP.

Step 1: Right-click on the network icon displayed in the system tray



Figure 5-4 Network Icon

Step 2: Highlight and select the wireless network (SSID) to connect

- (1) Select SSID [default]
- (2) Click the [Connect] button



Figure 5-5 WLAN AutoConfig



If you will be connecting to this Wireless AP in the future, check [Connect automatically].



Step 3: Enter the encryption key of the wireless AP

- (1) The Connect to a Network box will appear.
- (2) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (3) Click the [OK] button.

ype the netwo	rk security key
Security key:	
	Hide characters
9	You can also connect by pushing the button on the router.
	OK Cancel

Figure 5-6 Typing the Network Key

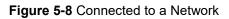
Connect to a Network	×
Connecting to default	
	Cancel

Figure 5-7 Connecting to a Network



Step 4: Check if "Connected" is displayed.

Currently connected to: default Internet access	4 ₂	•
Dial-up and VPN	^	
Office VPN		Ξ
Wireless Network	^	_
default	Connected	
-0.00		
No.		
orage	1 01	
OB-BREK	1 01	
New Works, N.S.	.atl	Ŧ
Open Network and	Sharing Center	





5.3 Mac OS X 10.x

In the following sections, the default SSID of the WDAP series is configured to "default".

Step 1: Right-click on the **network icon** displayed in the system tray

The AirPort Network Connection menu will appear.



Figure 5-9 Mac OS – Network Icon

Step 2: Highlight and select the wireless network (SSID) to connect

- (1) Select and SSID [default].
- (2) Double-click on the selected SSID.



Figure 5-10 Highlighting and Selecting the Wireless Network



Step 3: Enter the encryption key of the wireless AP

- (1) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (2) Click the [OK] button.

î	The network "default" requires a WPA password.
	Password:
	Show password Remember this network
	Cancel OK

Figure 5-11 Enter the Password



If you will be connecting to this Wireless AP in the future, check [**Remember this network**].

Step 4: Check if the AirPort is connected to the selected wireless network.

If "Yes", then there will be a "check" symbol in front of the SSID.

	1-59 \$?	• •	0	Q
AirPort: On					
Turn AirPort Off					
√default	e	1			
And Address of the Ad	6	((:-			
1 Contraction of the local distance of the l		(it.			
	6	÷			
ALC: NO DECEMBER	6	1			
THE PARTY AND A CONTRACT OF		((:-			
The set	6	(i)			
	6	(îr			
1980 C	6				
jan Tand	6	÷			
and strangers	6	(i:			
1000	6	((·			
Join Other Network					
Create Network					
Open Network Preference	es				
		-			

Figure 5-12 Connected to the Network

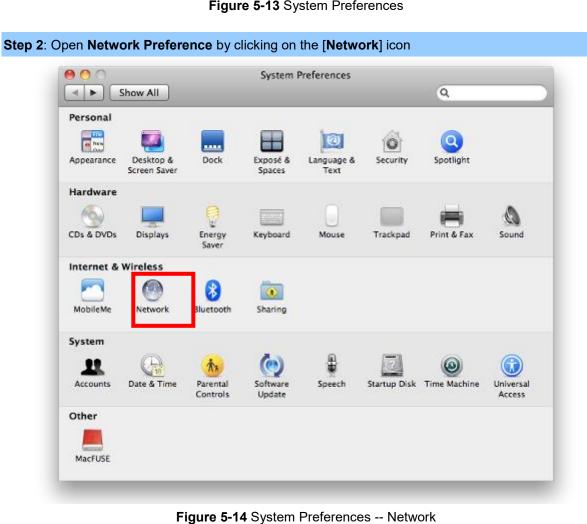


There is another way to configure the MAC OS X wireless settings:

Step 1: Click and open the [System Preferences] by going to Apple > System Preference or **Applications**



Figure 5-13 System Preferences





Step 3: Check Wi-Fi setting and select the available wireless network

- (1) Choose the AirPort on the left menu (make sure it is ON)
- (2) Select Network Name [default] here

If this is the first time to connect to the Wireless AP, it should show "No network selected".

0 0	Network		
Show All			٩
Lo	ocation: Automatic	\$)
USB Ethernet Not Connected	Status:		urn AirPort Off
● 802.11dapter Not Connected		AirPort is turned on but is a network.	s not connected to
• AirPort	Network Name	/ No network selected	
Home VPN		1000	€ (; (;
		default	
		and the second	 () () () () () () () () () ()
		In the second	
			€ 🤶
		Join Other Network Create Network	
+ - *-	Show AirPort statu	ıs in menu bar	Advanced ?
Click the lock to prever	nt further changes.	Assist me	Revert Apply

Figure 5-15 Selecting the Wireless Network



5.4 iPhone/iPod Touch/iPad

In the following sections, the default SSID of the WDAP series is configured to "default".

Step 1: Tap the [Settings] icon displayed in the home screen



Figure 5-16 iPhone – Settings icon

Step 2: Check Wi-Fi setting and select the available wireless network

- (1) Tap [General] \ [Network]
- (2) Tap [Wi-Fi]

If this is the first time to connect to the Wireless AP, it should show "Not Connected".

iPad	10:35 AM 🕒 100% 🖩			
Settings	General			
Airplane Mode OFF				
SWI-FI Not Connected	About >			
Notifications On	Usage			
Carrier	Sounds >			
🕎 Cellular Data				
🙀 Brightness & Wallpaper	Network >			
Picture Frame	Bluetooth Off >			
General	Location Services On >			
🔄 Mail, Contacts, Calendars	Spotlight Search >			
🧭 Safari				

Figure 5-17 Wi-Fi Setting



iPad	10:35 AM	@ 100% 🚍
Settings	General No	etwork
Airplane Mode OFF		
Wi-Fi Not Connected	VPN	Not Connected >
On Notifications	Wi-Fi	Not Connected >
Carrier		
🕎 Cellular Data		
🙀 Brightness & Wallpaper		
Picture Frame		
🚳 General		
Mail, Contacts, Calendars		
Mafari		

Figure 5-18 Wi-Fi Setting – Not Connected

Step 3: Tap the target wireless network (SSID) in "Choose a Network..."

- (1) Turn on Wi-Fi by tapping "Wi-Fi"
- (2) Select SSID [default]

iPad	11:23 PM	76%	
Settings	Network Wi-Fi Networks		
Airplane Mode OFF			
S Wi-Fi Not Connected	Wi-Fi	ON	
Notifications On	Choose a Network		
Location Services On	default	₽ 🌫 🕥	
🕎 Cellular Data	Other	>	
🙀 Brightness & Wallpaper	Ask to Join Networks	ON	
Picture Frame	Known networks will be joined automatically. If no known networks are available, you will be asked		
🚳 General	before joining a new network.		

Figure 5-19 Turning on Wi-Fi



Step 4: Enter the encryption key of the Wireless AP

- (1) The password input screen will be displayed.
- (2) Enter the encryption key that is configured in section 5.7.2.1
- (3) Tap the [Join] button.

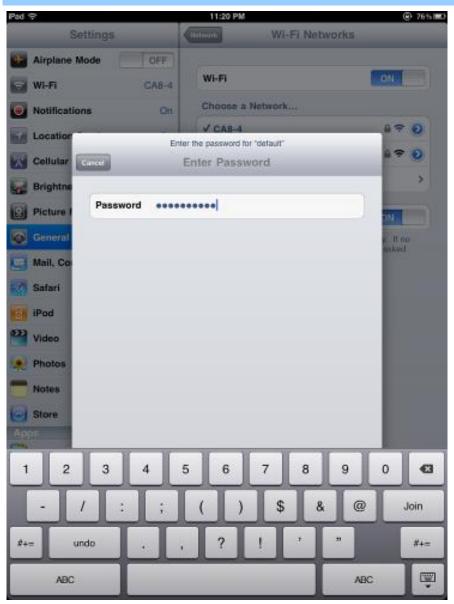


Figure 5-20 iPhone -- Entering the Password



Step 5: Check if the device is connected to the selected wireless network.

If "Yes", then there will be a "check" symbol in front of the SSID.

iPad	11:25 PM	75%
Settings	Network Wi-Fi Networks	
Airplane Mode OFF		
🛜 Wi-Fi default	Wi-Fi	ON
Notifications On	Choose a Network	
Location Services On	✓ default	₽ 🌫 📀
🕎 Cellular Data	Other	>
🙀 Brightness & Wallpaper	Ask to Join Networks	ON
Picture Frame	Known networks will be joined auton known networks are available, you	
General	before joining a new netwo	

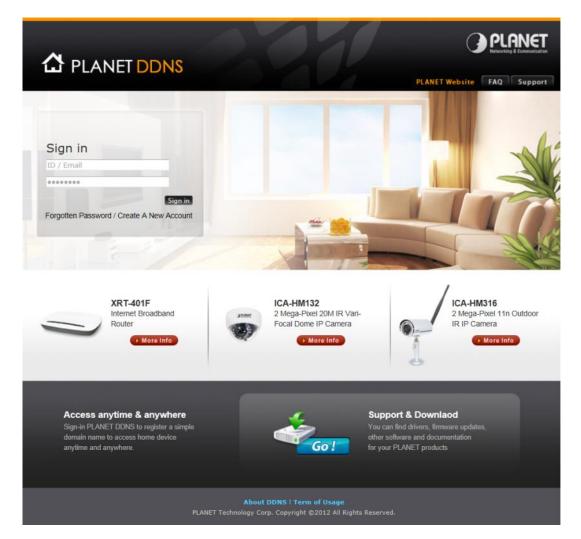
Figure 5-21 iPhone -- Connected to the Network



Appendix A: DDNS Application

Configuring PLANET DDNS steps:

- Step 1: Visit DDNS provider's web site and register an account if you do not have one yet. For example, register an account at <u>http://planetddns.com</u>
- Step 2: Enable DDNS option through accessing web page of the device.
- Step 3: Input all DDNS settings.

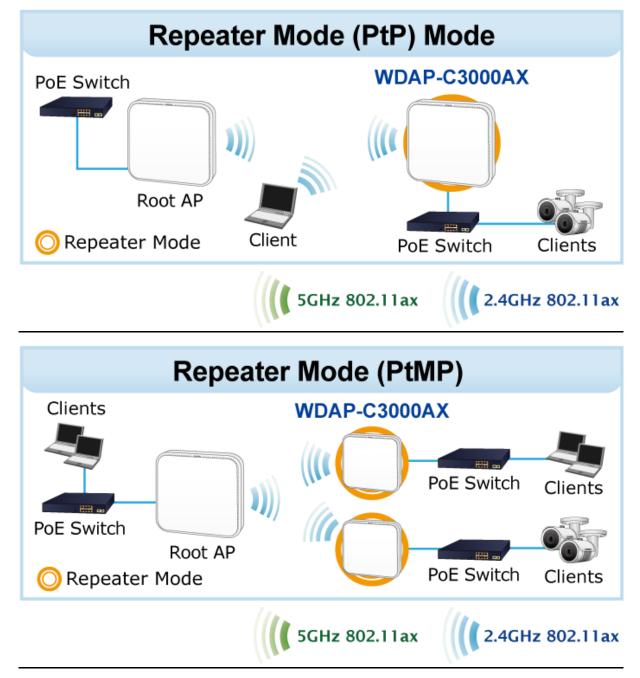




Appendix B: FAQs

How to Set Up the AP Client Connection

Topology (The topology below uses the WDAP-C3000AX as an example):





Step 1. Use static IP in the PCs that are connected with AP-1(Site-1) and AP-2(Site-2). In this case,

Site-1 is "192.168.1.100", and Site-2 is "192.168.1.200".

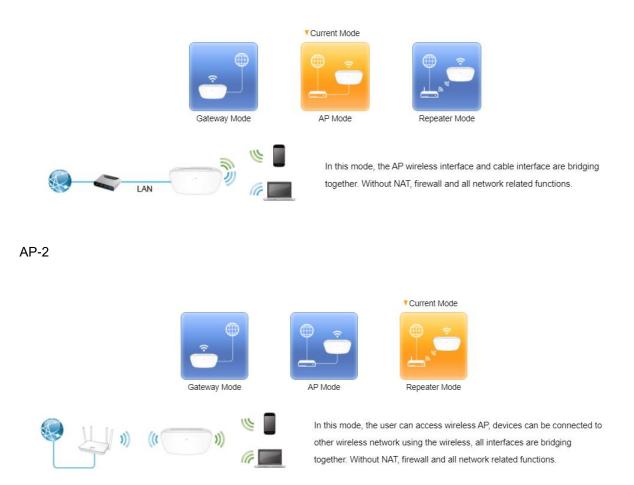
Connect using: Realtek PCIe Fi	E Family Controller			signed automatically if your network supports you need to ask your network administrator tings.
This approximation	ha fallania a tamar	Configure	🔘 Obtain an IP address	
This connection uses t	-		 Use the following IP a 	address:
Client for Micr	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		IP address:	192.168.1.100
AVG network filter driver QoS Packet Scheduler			Subnet mask: Default gateway:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Pile and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Anternet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)		· · ·		
🗹 🔺 Internet Proto	col Version 4 (TCP/IP pology Discovery Mag	v4)	Obtain DNS server a	ddress automatically
	pology Discovery Res		O Use the following DN	S server addresses:
Install	Uninstall	Properties	Preferred DNS server:	
Description			Alternate DNS server:	
wide area network p	Protocol/Internet Pro protocol that provides connected networks.	concerning and a second	Validate settings up	Advanced

Step 2. In AP-2, change the default IP to the same IP range but different from AP-1. In this case, the IP is changed to **192.168.1.252**.

LAN Configuration		
IP Address	192.168.1.252	
Netmask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.1.1	
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8	
Secondary DNS	8.8.4.4	
	Apply Settings Cancel Changes	



Step 3. In AP-1, go to "**Wizard**" to configure it to **AP Mode**. In AP-2, configure it to **Repeater Mode**. AP-1



Step 4. In AP-2, press "**Scan** " to search the AP-1. You can also enter the MAC address, SSID, encryption and bandwidth if you know what they are.

STEP 3 - Network I	nterface Wireless	Connection		
1	2	3		5
Mode	LAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Completed
Select Radio		Use 5GHz Radio 🗸		
SSID			Scan	
ock BSSID		○ Enable		
BSSID				
Encryption		Open 🗸		



Step 5. Click "Next" to finish the setting.

STEP 4 - Network Interface	e Wireless					
1	2	3		4		
Mode	LAN	Wireless Connection		Wireless	Com	pleted
2.4G WiFi Status		● Enable ○ Disable				
SSID		PLANET_2.4G				
Hide SSID		○ Enable .● Disable				
Bandwidth		20MHz 🗸				
Channel		6 🗸				
Encryption		Open	~			
5G WiFi Status		Enable O Disable				
SSID		PLANET_5G				
Hide SSID		○ Enable . ● Disable				
Bandwidth		80MHz 🗸				
Channel		36 🗸				
Encryption		Open	~			
				Cancel	Previous	Next

Step 6. Setup Completed

STEP 5 - Setup	Completed			
0	2	3	-0-	6
Mode	LAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Completed
Operation Mode	Repeater Mode			
LAN	Enable: Static IP: 19	2.168.1.97 / 255.255.255.0		
2.4G WiFi	Enable: ON SSID: Pl SSID: Disable	ANET_2.4G Bandwidth: 20MHz	Channel: 6	Encryption: Open Hide
5G WiFi	Enable: ON SSID: Pl SSID: Disable	ANET_5G Bandwidth: 80MHz	Channel: 36	Encryption: Open Hide
				Previous Finish



Step 7. Use command line tool to ping each other to ensure the link is successfully established.

From Site-1, ping 192.168.1.200; and in Site-2, ping 192.168.1.100.

G C:\WINDOW5\system32\CMD.exe - ping 192.168.1.100 -t	
Destination host unreachable. Destination host unreachable. Destination host unreachable. Destination host unreachable. Destination host unreachable.	×
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.100: Packets: Sent = 25, Received = 0, Lost = 25 (100% loss), Control-C ^C C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ping 192.168.1.100 -t Pinging 192.168.1.100 with 32 bytes of data:	
Request timed out. Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=7ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128	

Step 8. Configure the TCP/IP settings of Site-2 to "Obtain an IP address automatically".

etworking	General Alternate Configuration			
Connect using: Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Desktop Adapter	You can get IP settings assigned a this capability. Otherwise, you nee for the appropriate IP settings.			
Configure	Obtain an IP address automa	tically		
This connection uses the following items:	Use the following IP address:			
Client for Microsoft Networks	IP address:		2	
BOD Retwork filter driver BOD Packet Scheduler	Subnet mask:	4	14	1
Pile and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	Default gateway:	54 - SA	19	6. C
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver	Obtain DNS server address a	utomatically		
🗹 🔺 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder	Use the following DNS server	addresses:		
Instal Uninstal Properties	Preferred DNS server:	14	- 14	
Description	Alternate DNS server:			-
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	Validate settings upon exit			Advanced
	L		ОК	Cancel



Step 9. Use command line tool to ping the DNS (e.g., Google) to ensure Site-2 can access internet through the wireless connection.

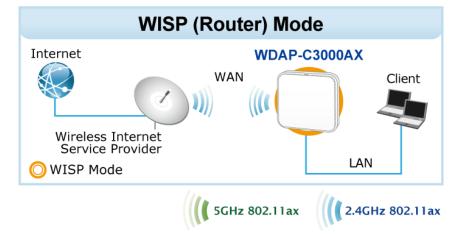
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - ping 192.168.1.1 -t	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time <ins iil="64</th"><th></th></ins>	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time <ins til="64</td"><td></td></ins>	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms IIL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes-32 time(1ms IIL-64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time(ins IIL-64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time(1ns IIL=64 Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time(1ns IIL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1; bytes=32 time(1ms TTL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms IIL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms IIL=64	
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes-32 time(1ms IIL-64	
an C:\Windows\system3Z\cmd.exe - ping 8.8.8.8 -t	
Reply from 8.8.8.8; bytes=32 time=37ms IIL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=38ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=36ms IIL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=36ms ITL=53 Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=38ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes-32 time-30ns IIL-53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=37ms IIL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8; bytes=32 time=37ms TIL=53	
Renly from 8.8.8.8; hytes=32 time=38ms TTL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=38ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=37ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: hytes-32 time-36ms ITL-53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes-32 time-37ms IIL-53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes-32 time-38ms IIL-53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=38ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=38ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=37ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=36ms IIL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=37ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes-32 time-36ms ITL-53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=38ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=35ms ITL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: hytes=32 time=37ms IIL=53	
Reply from 8.8.8.8: hytes=32 time=37ms TTL=53	

The following hints should be noted:

- Note
- 1) The encryption method must be the same as that of both sites if configured.
- 2) Both sites should be Line-of-Sight.
- 3) For the short distance connection less than 1km, please reduce the "RF Output Power" of both sites.
- 4) For the long distance connection over 1km, please adjust the "Distance" to the actual distance or double the actual distance.



How to Set Up WISP Connection



Topology (The topology below uses the WDAP-C3000AX as an example):

Step 1. Use static IP in the PC (Client) that is connected with the AP. In this case, the IP address of client is "**192.168.1.100**".

Connect using:	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports
Realtek PCIe FE Family Controller	this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.
Configure	Obtain an IP address automatically
This connection uses the following items:	Use the following IP address:
Client for Microsoft Networks	IP address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 100
BOR Packet Scheduler	Subnet mask: 255 , 255 , 255 , 0
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Hernet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	Default gateway:
 ✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) ✓ Ink-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver 	Obtain DNS server address automatically
 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper NO Driver Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder 	Use the following DNS server addresses:
Install Uninstal Properties	Preferred DNS server:
Description	Alternate DNS server:
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The defaul wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	Validate settings upon exit



Step 2. In AP, go to "Wizard" to configure it in WISP Mode.





In this mode, all Ethernet ports are bridged together and wireless client will connect ISP access point. The NAT is enabled and PCs in Ethernet port share the same IP to ISP through wireless LAN. You must set the wireless to client mode first and connect to the ISP AP in Wireless Connection page. The connection type can be set in WAN page by using L2TP, PPTP, PPPoE, DHCP client and static IP.

Step 3. Press "**Scan**" to search **the Wi-Fi of WAN devices**. You can also enter the MAC address, SSID, encryption and bandwidth if you know what they are.

STEP 4 - Netwo	ork Interface Wi	ireless Conn	ection			
1	2	3	4	- 5-	-6-	-7
Mode	LAN	WAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Security	Completed
elect Radio		Use	5GHz Radio 🗸			
SID				Scan		
ock BSSID		OEr	nable 💿 Disable			
ock BSSID SSID		OEr	nable Disable 			

Step 4. Click "Next" to finish the setting.

STEP 5 - Networ	k Interface Wire	eless				
1	2	3	4	6	-0	-7
Mode	LAN	WAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Security	Completed
2.4G WiFi Status		En	able O Disable			
SSID		PLAN	ET_2.4G_11AX			
Hide SSID		⊖En	able 💿 Disable			
Bandwidth		11 AX	20/40MHz 🖌			
Channel		6	~			
Encryption		Open		~		
5G WiFi Status		En	able O Disable			
SSID		PLAN	ET_5G_11AX			
Hide SSID		OEn	able 💿 Disable			
Bandwidth		11 AX	20/40/80MHz 🗸			
Channel		36	~			
Encryption		Open		~		
					Cancel	Previous Next



Step 5. Setup Completed

1	2	3 4 5 6 7
Mode	LAN	WAN Wireless Connection Wireless Security Completed
Operation Mode		WISP Mode
LAN		Enable: Static IP: 192.168.1.1 / 255.255.255.0
WAN		Enable: DHCP
2.4G WiFi		Enable: ON SSID: PLANET_2.4G_11AX Bandwidth: 40MHz Channel: 6 Encryption: Open Hide SSID: Disable
5G WiFi		Enable: ON SSID: PLANET_5G_11AX Bandwidth: 80MHz Channel: 36 Encryption: Open Hide SSID: Disable
Security Settings		SPI Firewall: ON
		Block SYN Flood: ON
		Block ICMP Flood: OFF
		Block WAN Ping: OFF
		Remote Management: OFF

Step 6. Use command line tool to ping each other to ensure the link is successfully established.

From client, p	bing 192.168.1.253	(the AP's IP)
----------------	--------------------	---------------

C:\>p	ing 1	92.168.1.253 -t			
Pingir	ng 19:	2.168.1.253 wit	h 32 byte	s of data	;
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64
Reply	from	192.168.1.253:	bytes=32	time<1ms	TTL=64



Step 7. Configure the TCP/IP settings of PC to "Obtain an IP address automatically".

etworking	General Alternate Configuration		
Connect using: Intel(R) PRO/1000 MT Desktop Adapter	You can get IP settings assigned au this capability. Otherwise, you need for the appropriate IP settings.		
Configure	Obtain an IP address automati	cally	
This connection uses the following items:	O Use the following IP address:		
Gient for Microsoft Networks AVG network filter driver	IP address:		
Gos Packet Scheduler	Subnet mask:	4 4	2
Be and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Anternet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	Default gateway:	14 - 14	10 A
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver	Obtain DNS server address au	tomatically	
🗹 🔺 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder	Use the following DNS server a	ddresses:	
Instal Uninstal Properties	Preferred DNS server:	A 4	10 C
Description	Alternate DNS server:		6
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	Validate settings upon exit		Advanced

Step 8. Use command line tool to ping the DNS (e.g., Google) to ensure client can access internet through the wireless connection.

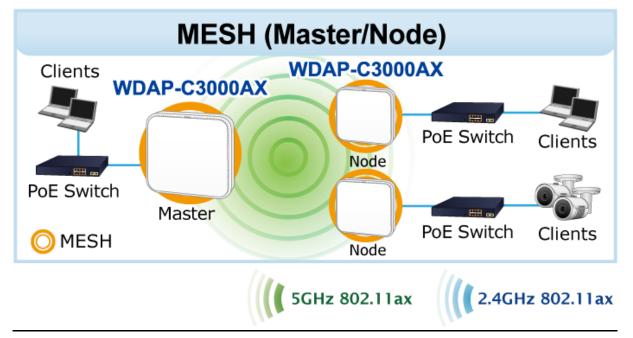
C:\>ping 8.8.8.8 -t
Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=26ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=19ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=20ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=19ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=23ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=20ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=20ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=20ms TTL=54
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=54

Note

- The following hints should be noted:
- 1) The encryption method must be the same as that of both sites if configured.
- 2) Both sites should be Line-of-Sight.
- 3) For the short distance connection less than 1km, please reduce the "RF Output Power" of both sites.
- 4) For the long distance connection over 1km, please adjust the "Distance" to the actual distance or double the actual distance.



How to Set Up Mesh Network



Topology (The topology below uses the WDAP-C3000AX as an example):

Step 1. Use static IP in the PC (Client) that is connected with APs. In this case, the IP address of client is "**192.168.1.100**".

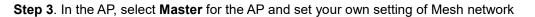
letworking		General				
Connect using:			signed automatically if your network s			
Realtek PCIe FE Family Controller		this capability. Otherwise, for the appropriate IP sett	you need to ask your network admini tings.	strator		
	Configure	Obtain an IP address	automatically			
This connection uses the following items:		O Use the following IP a	address:			
Client for Microsoft Networks		IP address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 100	3		
☑ Ocs Packet Scheduler		Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	255 . 255 . 255 . 0		
 File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Netw Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) 	vorks	Default gateway:	1 1 1 1			
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/	O Driver	Obtain DNS server ad	ddress automatically			
🗹 🔺 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responde	COMPANY AND A REAL PROPERTY OF A	Use the following DNS	S server addresses:			
Install Uninstall	Properties	Preferred DNS server:	a) a (a			
Description		Alternate DNS server:				
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. wide area network protocol that provides commi across diverse interconnected networks.	TITLE WATERS	Validate settings upo	on exit Adva	anced		

Setting a Master for Mesh network

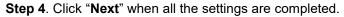


	2	-3-		-6-	-6-	-7
Mode	LAN	WAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Security	Completed
	Current Mode					
					,	
	Gateway Mode	C		peater Mode	پې پې WISP Mode	
	Gateway Mode	C	AP Mode Re	speater Mode		ernet via ADSL/Ca

Step 2. In one of APs, go to "Wizard" to configure it to Gateway Mode







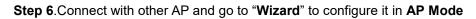
STEP 5 - Network Interface Wireless								
1	2	3	4	- 6	-6-	-7		
Mode	LAN	WAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Security	Completed		
2.4G WiFi Status SSID Hide SSID Bandwidth Channel Encryption		PLAI O EI 11 A2 6	 Enable O Disable PLANET_2.4G_11AX Enable O Disable 11 AX 20/40MHz 6 Open 					
5G WiFi Status		• E	● Enable ○ Disable					
SSID		PLA	PLANET_5G_11AX					
Hide SSID		OE	OEnable Disable					
Bandwidth			11 AX 20/40/80MHz 🗸					
Channel			36 🗸					
Encryption			Open v					



Step 5. Setup Completed

	2	3	4	- 6	-6-	-7
Mode	LAN	WAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Security	Completed
Operation Mode		Gateway Mode				
LAN		Enable: Static	IP: 192.168.1.1 / 255.	255.255.0		
WAN		Enable: DHCP				
2.4G WiFi			SSID: PLANET_2.4G_1 en Hide SSID: Disab		dth: 40MHz CI	nannel: 6
5G WiFi			SSID: PLANET_5G_11/ en Hide SSID: Disabl		h: 80MHz Cha	nnel: 36
Security Settings		SPI Firewall: 0	N			
		Block SYN Floo	od: ON			
, ,						
		Block ICMP Flo	od: OFF			
		Block ICMP Flo Block WAN Pin				

Setting other node for Mesh network

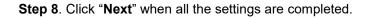






Step 7. In this AP, select **node** for the AP and press "**Scan**" to search **Mesh Master**. You can also enter the Mesh ID and encryption if you know what they are.

STEP 3 - Network Int	erface Wireless C	onnection		
1	2	3	-0	5
Mode	LAN	Wireless Connection	Wireless	Completed
Mesh Wifi Mode	í	Node 🗸		
	l			
Select Radio	ļ	Use 5GHz Radio 🖌		
Mesh ID	[Scar		
Encryption	(Open 🗸		



STEP 5 - Setup Comp	leted
1	2 3 4 5
Mode	LAN Wireless Connection Wireless Complet
Operation Mode	AP Mode
LAN	Enable: Static IP: 192.168.1.1 / 255.255.255.0
2.4G WiFi	Enable: ON SSID: PLANET_2.4G_11AX Bandwidth: 40MHz Channel: 6 Encryption: Open Hide SSID: Disable
5G WiFi	Enable: ON SSID: PLANET_5G_11AX Bandwidth: 80MHz Channel: 36 Encryption: Open Hide SSID: Disable

Step 9.Use command line tool to ping each other to ensure the link is successfully established.

If you would like to add another Mesh network, please repeat Steps 2 to 5; to add other nodes please follow up Steps 6 to 8.



The following hints should be noted:

- 1) The encryption method must be the same as that of both sites if configured.
- 2) Both sites should be Line-of-Sight.
- For the short distance connection less than 1km, please reduce the "RF Output Power" of both sites.
- 4) For the long distance connection over 1km, please adjust the "Distance" to the actual distance or double the actual distance.



Appendix C: Troubleshooting

If you find the AP is working improperly or stop responding to you, please read this troubleshooting first before contacting the dealer for help. Some problems can be solved by yourself within a very short time.

Scenario	Solution
The AP is not responding to	a. Please check the connection of the power cord and the
me when I want to access it	Ethernet cable of this AP. All cords and cables should be
by Web browser.	correctly and firmly inserted into the AP.
	b. If all LEDs on this AP are off, please check the status of
	power adapter, and make sure it is correctly powered.
	c. You must use the same IP address section which AP
	uses.
	d. Are you using MAC or IP address filter? Try to connect
	the AP by another computer and see if it works; if not,
	please reset the AP to the factory default settings by
	pressing the 'reset' button for over 7 seconds.
	e. Use the Smart Discovery Tool to see if you can find the
	AP or not.
	f. If you did a firmware upgrade and this happens, contact
	your dealer of purchase for help.
	g. If all the solutions above don't work, contact the dealer for
	help.
I can't get connected to the	a. Go to 'Status' -> 'Internet Connection' menu on the router
Internet.	connected to the AP, and check Internet connection
	status.
	b. Please be patient. Sometimes Internet is just that slow.
	c. If you've connected a computer to Internet directly
	before, try to do that again, and check if you can get
	connected to Internet with your computer directly
	attached to the device provided by your Internet service
	provider.
	d. Check PPPoE / L2TP / PPTP user ID and password
	entered in the router's settings again.
	e. Call your Internet service provider and check if there's
	something wrong with their service.
	f. If you just can't connect to one or more website, but you



Scenario	Solution			
	can still use other internet services, please check			
	URL/Keyword filter.			
	g. Try to reset the AP and try again later.			
	h. Reset the device provided by your Internet service			
	provider too.			
	i. Try to use IP address instead of host name. If you can			
	use IP address to communicate with a remote server,			
	but can't use host name, please check DNS setting.			
I can't locate my AP by my	a. 'Broadcast ESSID' set to off?			
wireless device.	b. Both two antennas are properly secured.			
	c. Are you too far from your AP? Try to get closer.			
	d. Please remember that you have to input ESSID on your			
	wireless client manually, if ESSID broadcast is disabled.			
File downloading is very slow	a. Internet is slow sometimes. Please be patient.			
or breaks frequently.	b. Try to reset the AP and see if it's better after that.			
	c. Try to know what computers do on your local network. If			
	someone's transferring big files, other people will think			
	Internet is really slow.			
	d. If this never happens before, call you Internet service			
	provider to know if there is something wrong with their			
	network.			
I can't log into the web	a. Make sure you're connecting to the correct IP address of			
management interface; the	the AP.			
password is wrong.	b. Password is case-sensitive. Make sure the 'Caps Lock'			
	light is not illuminated.			
	c. If you really forget the password, do a hard reset.			
The AP becomes hot	a. This is not a malfunction, if you can keep your hand on			
	the AP's case.			
	b. If you smell something wrong or see the smoke coming			
	out from AP or A/C power adapter, please disconnect			
	the AP and power source from utility power (make sure			
	it's safe before you're doing this), and call your dealer of			
	purchase for help.			



Appendix D: Glossary

802.11ax - 802.11ax is a wireless networking standard in the 802.11 family by adding OFDMA, MU-MIMO (which is marketed under the brand name Wi-Fi 6), developed in the IEEE Standards Association process, providing high-throughput wireless local area networks (WLANs) on the 5GHz band $20 \times 40 \times 80 \times 160$ MHz.

802.11ac - 802.11ac is a wireless networking standard in the 802.11 family by adding MU-MIMO (which is marketed under the brand name Wi-Fi 5), developed in the IEEE Standards Association process, providing high-throughput wireless local area networks (WLANs) on the 5GHz band.

802.11n - 802.11n builds upon previous 802.11 standards by adding MIMO (multiple-input multiple-output). MIMO uses multiple transmitter and receiver antennas to allow for increased data throughput via spatial multiplexing and increased range by exploiting the spatial diversity, perhaps through coding schemes like Alamouti coding. The Enhanced Wireless Consortium (EWC) [3] was formed to help accelerate the IEEE 802.11n development process and promote a technology specification for interoperability of next-generation wireless local area networking (WLAN) products. **802.11a** - 802.11a was an amendment to the IEEE 802.11 wireless local network specifications that defined requirements for an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) communication system. It was originally designed to support wireless communication in the unlicensed national information infrastructure (U-NII) bands (in the 5–6 GHz frequency range) as regulated in the United States by the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Section 15.407.

802.11b - The 802.11b standard specifies a wireless networking at 11 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHzHz, and WEP encryption for security. 802.11b networks are also referred to as Wi-Fi networks.

802.11g - specification for wireless networking at 54 Mbps using direct-sequence spread-spectrum (DSSS) technology, using OFDM modulation and operating in the unlicensed radio spectrum at 2.4GHzHz, and backward compatibility with IEEE 802.11b devices, and WEP encryption for security.

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) - The capability of assigning a fixed host and domain name to a dynamic Internet IP Address.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) - A protocol that automatically configure the TCP/IP parameters for the all the PC(s) that are connected to a DHCP server.

DMZ (**Dem**ilitarized **Z**one) - A Demilitarized Zone allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing.

DNS (Domain Name System) - An Internet Service that translates the names of websites into IP addresses.

Domain Name - A descriptive name for an address or group of addresses on the Internet.

DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) - A technology that allows data to be sent or received over existing traditional phone lines.

MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) - The size in bytes of the largest packet that can be transmitted.



NAT (Network Address Translation) - NAT technology translates IP addresses of a local area network to a different IP address for the Internet.

PPPoE (**P**oint to **P**oint **P**rotocol **o**ver **E**thernet) - PPPoE is a protocol for connecting remote hosts to the Internet over an always-on connection by simulating a dial-up connection.

SSID - A Service Set Identification is a thirty-two character (maximum) alphanumeric key identifying a wireless local area network. For the wireless devices in a network to communicate with each other, all devices must be configured with the same SSID. This is typically the configuration parameter for a wireless PC card. It corresponds to the ESSID in the wireless Access Point and to the wireless network name.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) - A data privacy mechanism based on a 64-bit or 128-bit or 152-bit shared key algorithm, as described in the IEEE 802.11 standard.

Wi-Fi - A trade name for the 802.11b wireless networking standard, given by the Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance (WECA, see http://www.wi-fi.net), an industry standards group promoting interoperability among 802.11b devices.

WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) - A group of computers and associated devices communicate with each other wirelessly, which network serving users are limited in a local area.



EC Declaration of Conformity

-		-	
English	Hereby, PLANET Technology Corporation, declares that this 11ax Wireless AP is in compliance with the essential requirements and	Lietuviškai	Šiuo PLANET Technology Corporation,, skelbia, kad 11ax Wireless AP tenkina visus svarbiausius 2014/53/EU direktyvos reikalavimus ir kitas svarbias
	other relevant provisions of Directive 2014/53/EU.		nuostatas.
Česky	Společnost PLANET Technology Corporation, tímto prohlašuje, že tato 11ax Wireless AP splňuje základní požadavky a další příslušná ustanovení směrnice 2014/53/EU.	Magyar	A gyártó PLANET Technology Corporation, kijelenti, hogy ez a 11ax Wireless AP megfelel az 2014/53/EU irányelv alapkövetelményeinek és a kapcsolódó rendelkezéseknek.
Dansk	PLANET Technology Corporation, erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr 11ax Wireless AP overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 2014/53/EU	Malti	Hawnhekk, PLANET Technology Corporation, jiddikjara li dan 11ax Wireless AP jikkonforma mal-ħtiģijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 2014/53/EU
Deutsch	Hiermit erklärt PLANET Technology Corporation, dass sich dieses Gerät 11ax Wireless AP in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den anderen relevanten Vorschriften der Richtlinie 2014/53/EU befindet". (BMWi)	Nederlands	Hierbij verklaart , PLANET Technology orporation, dat 11ax Wireless AP in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 2014/53/EU
Eestikeeles	Käesolevaga kinnitab PLANET Technology Corporation, et see 11ax Wireless AP vastab Euroopa Nõukogu direktiivi 2014/53/EU põhinõuetele ja muudele olulistele tingimustele.	Polski	Niniejszym firma PLANET Technology Corporation, oświadcza, że 11ax Wireless AP spełnia wszystkie istotne wymogi i klauzule zawarte w dokumencie "Directive 2014/53/EU.
Ελληνικά	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ , PLANET Technology Corporation, ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ ΑΥΤΟ 11ax Wireless ΑΡΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 2014/53/EU	Português	PLANET Technology Corporation, declara que este 11ax Wireless AP está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 2014/53/EU.
Español	Por medio de la presente, PLANET Technology Corporation, declara que 11ax Wireless AP cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 2014/53/EU	Slovensky	Výrobca PLANET Technology Corporation, týmto deklaruje, že táto 11ax Wireless AP je v súlade so základnými požiadavkami a ďalšími relevantnými predpismi smernice 2014/53/EU.
Français	Par la présente, PLANET Technology Corporation, déclare que les appareils du 11ax Wireless AP sont conformes aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 2014/53/EU	Slovensko	PLANET Technology Corporation, s tem potrjuje, da je ta 11ax Wireless AP skladen/a z osnovnimi zahtevami in ustreznimi določili Direktive 2014/53/EU



User Manual of WDAP-C3000AX & WDAP-3000AX

Italiano	Con la presente , PLANET Technology Corporation, dichiara che questo 11ax Wireless AP è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 2014/53/EU.	Suomi	PLANET Technology Corporation, vakuuttaa täten että 11ax Wireless AP tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 2014/53/EU oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Latviski	Ar šo PLANET Technology Corporation, apliecina, ka šī 11ax Wireless AP atbilst Direktīvas 2014/53/EU pamatprasībām un citiem atbilstošiem noteikumiem.	Svenska	Härmed intygar, PLANET Technology Corporation, att denna 11ax Wireless AP står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 2014/53/EU.